CHAPTER VI.

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

§ 1. General.

1. Introduction.—A complete statistical account of the growth of the manufacturing industry in Australia cannot be given, as the necessary statistics were not collected by the several States on a definite and uniform basis prior to 1906. A standard classification of manufacturing industries was formulated at a conference of Australian statisticians in 1902 and adopted by all States in 1906 and figures on this basis were prepared for 1907 and subsequent years.

Prior to the federation of the Australian States in 1901, the manufacturing industry in Australia was engaged primarily in the production of goods for local use, mainly food commodities, furniture, bricks, clothing made from imported materials, printing, the repair rather than the manufacture of machinery, and the preliminary treatment of primary products, such as wool-scouring and sawmilling.

After federation, steady expansion of the manufacturing industry resulted from the removal of interstate trade barriers and the operation of a uniform protective tariff. This expansion was quickened as a result of the demands created by the 1914–18 War, the curtailment of imports, and the rapid growth of spending power within the community. New and more advanced development took place, iron and steel works and many related and subsidiary industries were established, extensive manufacture of machinery was begun, and a wide range of high-grade products—textiles, metal manufactures, electrical goods, etc.—was added to the list of commodities made in Australia.

This expansion was checked by the world-wide economic depression of 1929-33, but in 1933 returning general prosperity and the opportunities opened to local manufacturers by import restrictions, together with depreciation of Australian currency, gave renewed stimulus to manufacturing enterprise. As economic conditions improved, the tariff, revenue duties, and primage were reduced, but without materially prejudicing the progress of local manufactures.

When war broke out in September, 1939, Australia became a major source of supply for British countries east of Suez and in meeting their demands, as well as those arising locally because of interruption of oversea imports, existing manufacturing industries expanded, and new enterprises were developed rapidly for the production of all classes of munitions, aircraft, ships, many new kinds of machinery and metal manufactures, scientific equipment, textiles, chemicals, etc. The outbreak of war with Japan, the basing of Allied armed forces in Australia, and Australian responsibilities for supplies in the South-west Pacific Area, gave added impetus to these developments, and manufacturing in Australia outstripped all previous levels.

The cessation of war production and the transition of industry to a peace-time basis temporarily retarded progress, but from 1945-46 onward there was renewed expansion of the manufacturing industries to which an inflow of capital from overseas contributed.

2. Decentralization of Manufacturing Industries.—Following upon a report by the Secondary Industries Commission, the Commonwealth Government called a conference of Commonwealth and State Ministers in August, 1945, to formulate a national policy for the decentralization of secondary industries. It was agreed that the State Governments should seek to promote decentralization along the lines appropriate to each, providing necessary services, assistance and concessions to the full extent of State resources. The Commonwealth undertook to collaborate in all matters of Commonwealth industrial policy

affecting the development and location of industry, to investigate, in association with the States, the prospects of developing secondary industries in selected areas, to advise the States of developments desirable for defence purposes, and to provide financial assistance for projects of national importance where the cost would be great relative to the State's resources.

The Commonwealth has assisted decentralization by allocating to private industry munitions and other defence buildings in decentralized areas and accommodating migrants in provincial centres with prospects of development. Oversea firms contemplating establishment in Australia are encouraged to select locations in rural areas or the less industrialized States.

- 3. Commonwealth Division of Industrial Development.—The functions of the Division of Industrial Development include the encouragement of industrial development, the exercising of Commonwealth responsibilities for the decentralization of industry, the promotion of industrial efficiency (especially the study of technical, production and managerial problems and the dissemination and application of new knowledge and methods), the encouragement of the development of technological institutes and the publication of studies of the structure and operation of Australian manufacturing industries. The Division was attached to the Ministry of National Development when formed in March, 1950, to plan the development of national resources and to promote decentralization and regional development in conjunction with the States, but was transferred to the Department of Trade in January, 1956.
- 4. Customs and Excise Tariffs and Bounties on Manufactures.—Particulars of Australian customs and excise tariffs, and the constitution and functions of the Australian Tariff Board in relation to matters affecting the industrial development of Australia, are given in Chapter XIII.—Trade.

Bounties are paid by the Commonwealth Government to encourage local manufacture of certain products. The statutory provisions usually fix a term of operation of the bounty, provide for payment at a rate varying according to changes in the corresponding customs duty, specify the annual maximum amount of bounty payable and require the bounty to be withheld or reduced if a manufacturer's net profit in production of the commodity exceeds a certain rate or if rates of wages and conditions of employment in production of the commodity do not conform to prescribed standards.

- 5. Scientific Research and Standardization.—(i) The Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization. The function of this Organization, reference to which also appears in Chapter XXX., is to initiate and conduct research in connexion with industries in Australia, to train research workers, to establish industrial research student-ships and fellowships, to make grants in aid of pure scientific research, to establish industrial research associations in various industries, to provide for testing and standardization of scientific equipment, to conduct an information service relating to scientific and industrial matters, and to act for Australia in liaison with other countries in matters of scientific research.
- (ii) The Standards Association of Australia. This Association, which is referred to also in Chapter XXX., acts as the national standardizing organization of Australia and issues standard specifications for materials and codes of practice. Specifications and codes are prepared and revised periodically in accordance with the needs of industry, and standards are evolved and accepted by general consent.
- (iii) The National Association of Testing Authorities. The National Association of Testing Authorities organizes national testing facilities throughout Australia to serve private and governmental needs. Laboratories may register voluntarily in respect of tests within their competence and the Association ensures the maintenance of their standards of testing. It is expected that there will be general acceptance of certificates of tests issued in the name of the Association by the registered laboratories.
- 6. Definitions in Factory Statistics.—The statistics relating to factories have been compiled from tabulations made by the Deputy Commonwealth Statisticians in the several States from returns supplied to them annually by manufacturers in accordance with the Statistical Acts of the States and the Commonwealth. A return must be supplied in respect

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of every factory, which is defined for this purpose as an establishment where four or more persons are employed or where power (other than manual) is used in any manufacturing process. This definition includes factories in educational and charitable institutions, reformatories, and other public institutions (except penitentiaries) but does not cover smallgoods makers, laundries, farriers, photography studios, florists and seedsmen, or most abattoirs. It should be noted that details relating to small establishments not classified for statistical purposes as factories are not included in the figures contained in this chapter.

If a manufacturing business is conducted in conjunction with any other activity, particulars relating to the manufacturing section only are included in the statistics. Where two or more industries are conducted in the same establishment, a separate return is obtained for each industry if practicable.

Manufacturers are requested to state in their returns particulars as to the number, age, wages, etc., of their employees, the value of premises and equipment, the horse-power of machinery, the value, and in most cases the quantities, of raw materials and fuel used, and quantities and values of principal materials and articles produced. The returns obtained from manufacturers are not intended to show a complete record of the income and expenditure of factories nor to show the profits or losses of factories collectively or individually.

The average number of persons employed is quoted on two different bases, the average during the period of operation and the average over the whole year. Of these, the former is simply the aggregate of the average number of persons employed in each factory during its period of operation (whether the whole or only part of the year). This average is used only in respect of details relating to classification according to the number of persons employed. The latter, which is used in all other instances, is calculated by reducing the average number working in the factories (irrespective of period of operation) to the equivalent number working for a full year.

Working proprietors are included in all employment figures other than those relating to monthly employment and age dissections, but salaries and wages paid in all cases exclude drawings by working proprietors.

The value of factory output is the value of the goods manufactured or their value after passing through the particular process of manufacture and includes the amount received for repair work, work done on commission and receipts for other factory work. The basis of valuation of the output is the selling value of the goods at the factory, exclusive of all delivery costs and charges and excise duties, but inclusive of bounty and subsidy payments to the manufacturer of the finished article.

The value of production is the value added to raw materials by the process of manufacture. It is calculated by deducting from the value of factory output the value (at the factory) of the materials used, containers and packing, power, fuel and light used, tools replaced, and materials used in repairs to plant (but not depreciation charges).

In the process of manufacture, many goods are treated in several industries, the output of one becoming the raw materials of another, so that such commodities are counted more than once in the aggregate value of output and of raw materials. Examples are raw sugar passing from the mills to the refinery, metals from the smelters which become raw materials in establishments concerned in the production of metal goods, and timber from the sawmills used in furniture factories and in joinery. On the other hand, the aggregate value of production is assessed without duplication, the value added by each industry being taken into account once only. For this reason, the value of production, and not the value of the output, is used as a measure of activity in the manufacturing industries as a whole.

In the special case of Government factories and workshops, the value of output is, in most cases, estimated by adding 10 per cent. to the value of materials and fuel used and other factory costs, including salaries and wages paid.

7. Classification of Factories.—In the compilation of statistical data relating to factories in Australia, a standard classification of manufacturing industries, formulated at a conference of Australian statisticians in 1902 and revised from time to time, was used until the year 1929-30. A new classification was introduced in 1930-31, and this in turn was revised and extended (principally in respect of the placement and composition of sub-classes) in accordance with decisions of the Statisticians' Conference, 1945.

Owing to limitations of space, details published in general tables in this chapter are confined either to the sixteen classes of industry or to total factory activity. Particulars of certain of the sub-classes shown below are published in the latter portion of this chapter and full details for all sub-classes may be found in the Bulletin Secondary Industries, published annually.

The classes and sub-classes in the current classification of factories are as follows:-

CLASSIFICATION OF FACTORIES.

CLASS I.—TREATMENT OF NON-METALLIFEROUS MINE AND QUARRY PRODUCTS.

Coke Works.
Briquetting and Pulverized Coal.
Carbide.
Lime, Plaster of Paris, Asphalt.
Fibrous Plaster and Products.
Marble, Slate, etc.
Cement, Portland.
Asbestos Cement Sheets and Mouldings.
Other Cement Goods.
Other.

CLASS II.—BRICKS, POTTERY, GLASS, ETC.

Bricks and Tiles. Earthenware, China, Porcelain and Terracotta. Glass (other than Bottles). Glass Bottles. Other.

CLASS III.—CHEMICALS, DYES, EXPLOSIVES, PAINTS, OILS, GREASE.

Industrial and Heavy Chemicals and Acids. Pharmaceutical and Toilet Preparations. Explosives (including Fireworks). White Lead, Paints and Varnish. Oils, Vegetable. Oils, Mineral. Oils, Animal. Boiling-down, Tallow-refining. Soap and Candles. Chemical Fertilizers. Inks, Polishes, etc. Matches. Other.

CLASS IV.—INDUSTRIAL METALS, MACHINES, CONVEYANCES.

melting, Converting, Refining, Iron and Steel. Rolling Smelting. of Foundries (Ferrous). Plant, Equipment and Machinery, etc. Other Engineering. Extracting and Refining of other Metals; Alloys. Electrical Machinery, Cables and Apparatus. Construction and Repair of Vehicles (10 groups). Ship and Boat Building and Repairing, Marine Engineering (Government and Other). Cutlery and Small Hand Tools. Agricultural Machines and Implements. Non-Ferrous Metals-Rolling and Extrusion. Founding, Casting, etc. Iron and Steel Sheets. Sheet Metal Working, Pressing, and Stamping. Pipes, Tubes and Fittings-Ferrous. Wire and Wire Netting (including Nails). Stoves, Ovens and Ranges. Gas Fittings and Meters. Lead Mills. Sewing Machines.

CLASS IV.—INDUSTRIAL METALS, MACHINES, CONVEYANCES—continued.

Arms, Ammunition (excluding Explosives). Wireless and Amplifying Apparatus. Other Metal Works.

CLASS V .- PRECIOUS METALS, JEWELLERY, PLATE.

Jewellery.
Watches and Clocks (including Repairs).
Electroplating (Gold, Silver, Chromium, etc.).

CLASS VI.—Textiles and Textile Goods (NOT Dress).

Cotton Ginning.
Cotton Spinning and Weaving.
Wool—Carding, Spinning, Weaving.
Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods.
Silk, Natural.
Rayon. Nylon and Other Synthetic Fibres.
Flax Mills.
Rope and Cordage.
Canvas Goods, Tents, Tarpaulins, etc.
Bags and Sacks.
Textile Dyeing, Printing and Finishing
Other.

CLASS VII.—SKINS AND LEATHER (NOT CLOTHING OR FOOTWEAR).

Furriers and Fur-dressing.
Woolscouring and Fellmongery.
Tanning, Currying and Leather-dressing.
Saddlery, Harness and Whips.
Machine Belting (Leather or other).
Bags, Trunks, etc.

CLASS VIII.—CLOTHING (EXCEPT KNITTED).

Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing. Waterproof and Oilskin Clothing. Dressmaking, Hemstitching. Millinery.
Millinery. Shirts, Collars, Underclothing. Foundation Garments.
Handkerchiefs, Ties and Scarves.
Hats and Caps.
Gloves.
Boots and Shoes (not Rubber).
Boot and Shoe Repairing.
Boot and Shoe Repairing.
Boot and Shoe Accessories.
Umbrellas and Walking Sticks.
Dyeworks and Cleaning, etc.
Other.

CLASS IX.-FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO.

Flour-milling.
Cereal Foods and Starch.
Animal and Bird Foods.
Chaffcutting and Cornerushing.
Bakeries (including Cakes and Pastry).
Biscuits.
Sugar-mills.
Sugar-refining.

CLASS IX .- FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCOcontinued.
Confectionery (including Chocolate and Icing Sugar). Jam, Fruit and Vegetable Canning. Pickles, Sauces, Vinegar. Bacon Curing. Butter Factories. Cheese Factories Condensed and Dried Milk Factories. Margarine. Meat and Fish Preserving. Condiments, Coffee, Spices. Ice and Refrigerating. Salt. Aerated Waters, Cordials, etc. Breweries. Distilleries. Wine-making. Cider and Perry. Malting. Bottling. Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes, Snuff. Dehydrated Fruit and Vegetables. Ice Cream. Sausage Casings.
Arrowroot. Other.

CLASS X.—SAWMILLS, JOINERY, BOXES, ETC., WOOD TURNING AND CARVING.

Sawmills. Plywood Mills (including Veneers). Bark Mills. Joinery. Cooperage. Boxes and Cases. Boxes and Cases.

Woodturning, Woodcarving, etc.

Basketware and Wickerware (including Sea-grass and Bamboo Furniture).

Perambulators (including Pushers and Strollers).

Wall and Ceiling Boards (not Plaster or Cement).

CLASS XI .- FURNITURE OF WOOD, BEDDING, ETC. Cabinet and Furniture Making (including Billiard Tables and Upholstery).
Bedding and Mattresses (not Wire).
Furnishing Drapery.

CLASS XI.-FURNITURE OF WOOD, BEDDING, ETC .continued.

Picture Frames. Blinds.

CLASS XII.—PAPER, STATIONERY, PRINTING, BOOKBINDING, ETC.

Newspapers and Periodicals.

Printing-Government.

General, including Bookbinding,
Manufactured Stationery,
Stereotyping, Electrotyping.
Process and Photo Engraving.
Cardboard Boxes, Cartons and Containers.

Paper Bags.
Paper-making. Pencils, Penholders, Chalks, Crayons.

CLASS XIII .- RUBBER.

Rubber Goods (including Tyres Made). Tyre Retreading and Repairing.

CLASS XIV.—MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Gramophones and Gramophone Records. Pianos, Piano-Players, Organs.

CLASS XV.—MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS. Linoleum, Leather-cloth, Oil-cloth, etc. Bone, Horn, Ivory and Shell. Plastic Moulding and Products. Brooms and Brushes.
Optical Instruments and Appliances.
Surgical and Other Scientific Instruments and Appliances. Photographic Material, (including Developing and Printing). Toys, Games and Sports Requisites. Artificial Flowers. Other.

CLASS XVI.—HEAT, LIGHT, AND POWER. Electric Light and Power. Gas Works.

8. Factory Development since 1901—Australia.—The development of the manufacturing industries in Australia at intervals since 1901 is summarized in the following table:-

FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

						,	Value of—		
Year.		Fac tories.	Employ- ment.(a)	Salaries and Wages Paid.(b)	Materials and Fuel Used.		Pro- duction. (c)	Land and Build- ings.	Plant and Ma- chinery.
1901 1911 1920-21 1930-31 1940-41 1950-51	::	No. 11,143 14,455 17,113 21,751 27,300 43,147	'000. 198 312 367 339 650 969	£'000. (d) 27,528 62,932 62,455 137,919 491,718	£'000. (d) 81,763 213,559 172,489 386,881 1,306,963	£'000. (d) 133,022 323,993 290,799 644,795 2,150,835	£'000. (d) 51,259 110,434 118,310 257,914 843,872	£'000. (d) 32,701 60,831 112,211 144,094 302,785	£'000. (d) 31,516 68,655 124,498 161,356 336,615
1953~54 1954~55 1955~56 1956~57 1957~58		49,576 51,056 52,406 53,200 53,988	990 1,031 1,060 1,063 1,074	705,137 781,640 853,469 891,090 929,290		3,095,476 3,434,589 3,764,060 4,022,413 4,273,882	1,227,045 1,365,509 1,500,714 1,622,120 1,728,723	483,431 555,996 655,582 761,995 851,686	580,715 698,292 803,540 923,954 1,021,351

⁽a) 1901 and 1911—average employment during period of operation. Later years relate to average employment over whole year. Working proprietors are included in all years. (b) Excludes drawings by working proprietors. (c) Value of output less value of materials and fuel, etc., used. (d) Not by working proprietors. available.

§ 2. Number of Factories.

1. Number of Factories in each State.—The following table shows the number of factories operating in each State in the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

FA	CTC	RIES:	NIIN	ARER.

Year.		 N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938–39		 9,464	9,250	3,087	2,067	2,129	944	26,941
1953-54		 20,199	15,533	5,199	3,577	3,523	1,545	49,576
1954–55		 20,837	15,861	5,284	3,750	3,727	1,597	51,056
1955-56		 21,602	16,053	5,378	3,908	3,871	1,594	52,400
1956–57		 21,838	16,232	5,537	4,063	3,935	1,595	53,20
1957-58		 22,270	16,426	5,528	4,168	3,941	1,655	53,98

2. Number of Factories in Industrial Classes.—(i) Australia. The next table shows the number of factories in Australia during 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58 classified in the industrial classes agreed upon by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. Details of some of the principal industries included in the table will be found in § 11, page 186.

FACTORIES: NUMBER IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES: AUSTRALIA.

Class of Industry.	1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957-58.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine						
and Quarry Products	564	1,280	1,303	1,337	1,331	1,328
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	471	639	662	666	672	660
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints,						
Oils, Grease	666	1,099	1,124	1,139	1,162	1,184
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-	1					
ances	7,255	16,868	17,842	18,860	19,766	20,518
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	290	720	746	782	824	808
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	611	1,336	1,356	1,362	1,364	1,364
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or	1					
Footwear)	533	783	810	789	785	761
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	4,314	7,260	7,370	7,390	7,312	7,266
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	5,202	7,379	7,433	7,468	7,315	7,455
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood						
Turning and Carving	2,822	5,769	5,845	5,895	5,872	5,764
Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	1,149	2,180	2,200	2,203	2,199	2,200
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	1			1		
binding, etc	1,816	2,179	2,224	2,303	2,367	2,413
XIII. Rubber	299	465	495	513	536	565
XIV. Musical Instruments	34	75	79	84	88	88
XV. Miscellaneous Products	413	1,095	1,119	1,188	1,185	1,207
Total, Classes I. to XV	26,439	49,127	50,608	51.979	52,778	53,581
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	502	449	448	427	422	407
Grand Total	26,941	49,576	51,056	52,406	53,200	53,988

Although not the best index of manufacturing activity, the number of factories affords some indication of the development of secondary industries. Except for the two war years 1941-42 and 1942-43, when there were decreases, the number of factories increased each year from 1931-32 to 1957-58. In the latter year, the number of factories in Australia reached the record total of 53,988 or more than twice the number in 1938-39.

(ii) States, 1957-58. The following table shows the number of factories in each State classified according to the nature of the industry:—

FACTORIES: NUMBER IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1957-58.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-						-	· -
ous Mine and Quarry Pro- ducts	448	442	101	166	117	54	1,328
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	311	159	57	64	48	21	660
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,		1	"	,	1 70		000
Paints, Oils, Grease	589	350	78	85	60	22	1,184
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,		i		l	!		-,
Conveyances	8,528	5,971	2,060	1,813	1,609	537	20,518
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,] `]	_	
Plate	368	266	40	57	71 ;	6	808
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	472	748	30	51	44 !	19	1.264
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	4/2	740	30	31	44	19	1,364
ing or Footwear)	339	289	55	39	31	8	761
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	3,363	2,516	521	375	407	84	7,266
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	2,798	2,022	1,035	699	609	292	7,455
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,		_,	· ·		"		.,
Wood Turning and Carving	2,257	1,407	831	353	456	460	5,764
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,		·			1		•
etc	801	704	293	162	169	71	2,200
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,		004	202	161			
Bookbinding, etc	1,017 219	884 151	203 81	151 55	123 40	35 19	2,413
STITE SECTION AND ADDRESS OF THE SECTION ADDRESS OF THE	35	28	7	10	8	19	565 88
XV. Miscellaneous Products	616	411	6Ó	47	59	14	1,207
Total Classes I. to XV	22,161	16,348	5,452	4,127	3,851	1,642	53,581
	109	78	76	41	90	13	407
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	109						407
Grand Total	22,270	16,426	5,528	4,168	3,941	1,655	53,988

§ 3. Classification of Factories according to Number of Persons Employed.

- 1. General.—The size classification of factories is based on the average weekly number of persons employed during the period of operation (including working proprietors).
- 2. States, 1957-58.—The following table shows, for each State, the number of factories classified according to the average number of persons employed:—

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1957-58.

	Size of Factory (Persons employed).			Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			1	Number o	of Factor	RIES.			
Under 4			8,987	6,077	1,869	1,460	1,980	739	21,112
4			1,903	1,254	546	383	152	160	4,398
5 to 10			5,331	3,862	1,564	1,077	924	385	13,143
11 to 20			2,759	2,268	693	597	429	170	6,916
21 to 50			1,946	1,721	515	370	291	124	4,967
51 to 100			690	621	159	151	97	45	1,763
101 to 200			353	345	92	71	43	14	918
201 to 300			100	114	55	24	17	4	314
301 to 400			60	43	8	10		5	126
401 to 500			36	32	12	6	3	1	90
501 to 750			44	60	9	7	3	3	126
751 to 1,000)		24	11	3	.,	1	1	40
Over 1,000			37	18	3	12	1	4	75
Tota	l		22,270	16,426	5,528	4,168	3,941	1,655	53,988

The relative importance of large and small factories is illustrated by the following classification of the average number of persons employed according to the size of factory in which they work:—

FACTORIES: AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1957-58.

								_
Size of Factor (Persons employ	y ed).	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
	Averac	ge Numbi	er Emplo	YED DURI	ng Perioi) Worker	.	
Under 4		16,897	11,748	3,921	3,072	3,884	1,430	40,952
4		7,612	5,016	2,184	1,532	608	640	17,592
5 to 10		36,932	27,252	10,842	7,456	5,970	2,690	91,142
11 to 20		40,357	33,341	10,102	8,720	6,072	2,470	101,062
21 to 50		61,075	54,254	16,079	11,826	9,093	3,902	156,229
51 to 100		48,216	43,358	11,475	10,425	6,704	3,343	123,521
101 to 200		49,783	47,790	12,692	9,870	5,905	1,982	128,022
201 to 300		24,808	27,515	13,272	5,645	4,091	1,045	76,376
301 to 400		20,222	14,927	2,614	3,391		1,663	42,817
401 to 500		16,043	13,958	5,392	2,603	1,334	448	39,778
501 to 750		27,748	35,964	5,658	4,330	1,657	1,886	77,243
751 to 1,000		21,295	9,448	2,864		786	775	35,168
Over 1,000	• •	78,221	34,319	5,618	23,974	2,980	6,261	151,373
Total		449,209	358,890	102,713	92,844	49,084	28,535	1,081,275
Average per Facto	ry	20.17	21.85	18.58	22.28	12.45	17.24	20.03

3. Australia, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58.—In the following table, factories in Australia are classified in broad groups for a series of years according to the number of persons employed:—

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED, AUSTRALIA.

			Es	tablishme	nts Emplo	ying on t	he Averag	;e	
_		20 and	under.	21 to	100.	101 and	upwards.	To	tal.
`	Year.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.
1938-39 Number		21,982	129,505	4,013	170,971	946	272,022	26,941	572,498
Average ment 1953-54	per establish-		5.89		42.60		287.55		21.25
Number Average	per establish-	41,631	236,727	6,403	265,830	1,542	494,564	49,576	997,121
ment 1954–55			5.69		41.52		320.73		20.11
Number Average	per establish-	42,835	241,233	6,603	273,257	1,618	524,307	51,056	1,038,797
ment 1955–56— Number		44,012	5.63 246,087	6,736	41.38	1,658	324.00 542,428	52,406	20.35
Average ment	per establish-	44,012	5.59	0,730	41.57	1,056	327.16	32,400	20.39
1956-57— Number		44,790	249,069	6,730	279,974	1,680	541,872	53,200	1,070,915
Average ment 1957–58	per establish-		5.56		41.60		322.54		20.13
Number Average	per establish-	45,569	250,748	6,730	279,750	1,689	550,777	53,988	1,081,275
ment	per controller		5.50		41.57		326.10		20.03

§ 4. Power Equipment in Factories.

1. General.—Since 1936-37, statistics of power equipment in factories relate to the "rated horse-power" of engines ordinarily in use and engines in reserve or idle, omitting obsolete engines. In addition, particulars of the power equipment of Central Electric Stations are collected in greater detail. To avoid duplication, it is essential that some distinction should be made between Central Electric Stations and other classes of industries. In the following tables, Central Electric Stations have been treated separately from other factories.

In 1957-58, 395 factories were recorded as using no power other than manual, the distribution of these factories among the various industries being as follows:—Fibrous Plaster and Products, 24; Galvanized Ironworking, Tinsmithing, 14; Tailoring and Readymade Clothing, 93; Dressmaking, 10; Millinery, 4; Bakeries, 27; Cabinet and Furniture Making, 11; all other industries, 212.

2. Rated Horse-power of Engines in Factories other than Central Electric Stations.— The following table shows the number of factories and the total rated horse-power of engines and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle during 1957-58:—

FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS, 1957-58.

						Rated Ho of Engines a	rse-power and Motors.
		State.	Factories.(a)	Ordinarily In Use.(b)	In Reserve or Idle (omitting obsolete).		
New South Wales	3		···		22,198	2,024,244	373,706
Victoria					16,375	1,325,387	190,166
Queensland					5,468	514,891	76,026
South Australia					4,130	370,097	47,146
Western Australia	Ł				3,854	242,719	34,159
Tasmania					1,644	250,042	36,268
Australia					53,669	4,727,380	757,471

⁽a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. (b) Excludes motors driven by electricity generated in factories not classified as Central Electric Stations.

3. Rated Horse-power of Engines and Electric Motors Ordinarily in Use.—(i) According to Type, States. Particulars of the types and the total rated horse-power of engines, etc., ordinarily in use in each State are given below:—

FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE, 1957-1958.

		Stea	am.	Intern	al Combu	stion.	Motors driven by Electricity.			
State.		Recipro- cating.	Tur- bine.	Gas.	Petrol or Other Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	s. chased	Pur- chased.	Own Genera- tion. (c)	Total. (b)
N.S.W. Victoria Queensland S. Australia W. Australia Tasmania	::	80,553 21,749 82,690 7,015 11,318 1,529	122,008 60,317 63,558 9,750 11,002 24	3,508 2,644 1,161	41,301 30,453 15,781 7,819 13,362 9,390	19,405 12,721 13,411 8,881 9,707 373		196,028	67,246 92,862 23,338 4,931	
Australia		204,854	266,659	9,487	118,106	64,498	1,770	4,062,006	274,287	4,727,380

⁽a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. column (c).

⁽b) Excludes particulars in

(ii) According to Type, Australia. In the following table, details of the total rated horse-power of the various types of engines in use are given for Australia for the years 1938-39, and 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

FACTORIES(a): TYPES AND TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE, AUSTRALIA.

	Stea	ım.	Internal Combustion. Motors driven b Electricity.				Tanal		
Year.	Recipro- cating.	Tur- bine.	Gas.	Petrol or Other Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Pur- Gener	Own Genera- tion. (c)	Total. (b)
1938-39 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56 1956-57 1957-58	 268,409 237,533 225,192 223,147 214,875 204,854	84,149 170,914 202,162 254,497 262,559 266,659	32,916 8,457 7,407 8,746 7,973 9,487	17,971 109,919 103,954 112,944 120,533 118,106	55,799 109,293 93,465 90,314 74,060 64,498	1,771 1,695 1,641	1,017,912 3,135,395 3,398,135 3,674,373 3,860,595 4,062,006	255,917 226,625 243,800 260,708	1,478,772 3 773,282 4,032,010 4,365,662 4,542,026 4,727,380

⁽a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. column (c).

(iii) In Classes of Industry, 1957-58. The next table shows the total rated horse-power of engines and electric motors ordinarily in use in the various classes of industry in each State:—

FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE(b), 1957-58.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli-							
ferous Mine and Quarry			. !		1		
Products	83,220	44,451	18,820			14,941	
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	51,585	38,855	8,639	9,584	11,077	2,211	121,951
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	150 105	125 021	10.000	01.577	20.501	** ***	260 260
Paints, Oils, Grease	150,105	135,921	10,989	21,577	38,791	11,886	369,269
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	1,056,532	414,656	91,086	170,343	67 917	61 526	1 061 070
Conveyances V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	1,030,332	414,030	91,000	170,343	67,817	01,230	1,861,970
Plate	5,456	5,046	1,241	1,011	627	64	13,445
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not		3,040	1,241	1,011	027	04	13,443
Dress)	53,178	102,841	7,256	8,000	2,822	8,281	182,378
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-		102,011	1,200	0,000	,0	0,201	102,510
ing or Footwear)	19,193	20,361	5,517	6,141	3.052	516	54,780
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	23,698				2,500	976	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	211,497				38,604	19,619	
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	1 '	1	-		, i	,	,
Wood Turning and Carving	178,463	118,720	100,908	37,522	48,116	41,109	524,838
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	l	1	-		'	-	
etc	17,920	16,886	8,744	6,526	4,072	1,469	55,617
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,							
Bookbinding, etc	69,856			14,030		86,472	
XIII. Rubber	57,651		9,401		876	417	
XIV. Musical Instruments	1,660		46				2,169
XV. Miscellaneous Products	25,837	26,844	665	2,160	819	419	56,744
Total, Classes I. to XV	2,005,851	1,309,547	512,409	363,229	241,515	249,916	4,682,467
XVI. Gas Works	18,393	15,840	2,482	6,868	1,204	126	44,913
Grand Total	2,024,244	1,325,387	514,891	370,097	242,719	250,042	4,727,380

⁽a) Excludes Central Electric Stations. (b) Excludes motors driven by electricity generated in factories not classified as Central Electric Stations.

⁽b) Excludes particulars in

4. Capacity of Engines and Generators installed in Central Electric Stations.—(i) According to Type, Australia. Particulars of the type and the capacity of engines and generators installed in Central Electric Stations in Australia in 1957-58 are given in the following table:—

CENTRAL ELECTRIC STATIONS: POWER EQUIPMENT, AUSTRALIA, 1957-58.

	Capacity of Engines and Generators.									
Particulars.	Ste	am.	Inter	nal Combi						
	Recipro- cating.	Turbine.	Gas.	Petrol or Other Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Total.			
Engines installed Rated H.P.	6,016	5,057,307	12,348	15,977	331,047	1,304,728	6,727,423			
Generators installed— Kilowatt capacity— Total installed kW Effective capacity ,, Horse-power equivalent—	4,484 4,224	3,700,047 3,419,029	8,064 6,602	10,252 9,713	225,099 208,106	933,045 867,942				
Total installed H.P. Effective capacity ,,	6,011 5,662	4,959,839 4,583,140	10,810 8,850	13,742 13,020	301,741 278,962	1,250,728 1,163,459	6,542,871 6,053,093			

Note.—The number of establishments classified as Central Electric Stations in 1957-58 was 319

(ii) States. Details of the capacity of engines and generators installed in Central Electric Stations in each State in 1957-58 are given in the next table:—

CENTRAL ELECTRIC STATIONS: NUMBER AND POWER EQUIPMENT, 1957-58.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Central Electric Stations No	72	51	60	38	87	11	319
Engines installed Rated H.I	2,688,724	1,565,409	814,981	546,613	410,906	700,790	6,727,423
Generators installed— Kilowatt capacity— Total installed kV Effective capacity ,,,	1 706 252	1,160,196 1,087,053					
Horse-power equivalent— Total installed H.I Effective capacity	2 204 425						

§ 5. Employment in Factories.

1. Number Employed.—(i) General. All persons employed in the manufacturing activities of a factory, including proprietors who work in their own business and "outworkers" (see para. 4 (ii), p. 163), are counted as factory employees, while those employed in selling and distributing, such as salesmen, travellers, collectors, carters employed solely on outward delivery of manufactured goods and retailing storemen, are excluded. Prior to 1945–46, the occupational grouping collected was (i) working proprietors; (ii) managers and overseers; (iii) accountants and clerks; (iv) enginedrivers and firemen; (v) workers in factory, skilled and unskilled; (vi) carters and messengers; and (vii) persons working regularly at home for the establishment. This grouping did not record separate details for technical staff (e.g., chemists, draftsmen, etc.) and supervisory staff and in 1945–46 the set-up on the collection form was amended to obtain the following groupings:—(i) Working proprietors; (ii) managerial and clerical staff including salaried managers and working directors; (iii) chemists, draftsmen and other laboratory and research staff; (iv) foremen and overseers; (v) skilled and unskilled workers; (vi) carters (excluding delivery only), messengers and persons working regularly at home.

Prior to the year 1928-29, average employment in factories was computed by dividing the sum of the number employed each week by the number of weeks worked. The figures therefore represented the average number employed over the period worked, which, for many factories, was less than a full year. Commencing with the year 1928-29, the figures represent the equivalent average number employed over a full year of fifty-two weeks. The classification of factories according to the number of persons employed (see § 3, p. 155), however, is still based on the old method, but for all other purposes the average number engaged over the full year is used.

(ii) Australia. Particulars of the numbers employed, the increase in employment and the rate per cent. of such increase are given for the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58 in the following table:—

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT, AUSTRALIA.

			Males.			Females.				
Year.		Number Em-	Increase on Preceding Year.		Number Em-	Increase on Preceding Year.		Number Em-	Increase on Preceding Year.	
		ployed.	Number.	Per Cent.	ployed.	Number.	Per Cent.	ployed.	Number.	Per Cent.
1938-39 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56 1956-57 1957-58		412,591 758,508 788,691 811,847 813,551 822,515	3,989 35,104 30,183 23,156 1,704 8,964	4.85 3.98 2.94 0.21	152,515 231,034 242,391 248,651 249,847 251,292	1,957 21,177 11,357 6,260 1,196 1,445	1.30 10.09 4.92 2.58 0.48 0.58	565,106 989,542 1,031,082 1,060,498 1,063,398 1,073,807	56,281 41,540 29,416 2,900	6.03 4.20 2.85 0.27

(iii) States. The following table shows, for the same years, (a) the average number of persons employed in manufacturing industries in each State; (b) for each State, the percentage of the total number employed in factories in Australia; and (c) the number so employed per ten thousand of mean population in each State and Australia:—

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
	Avı	erage Num	MBER EMPL	OYED DURI	NG FULL	YEAR (52 V	Veeks).	
1938–39		228,781	201,831	54,110	43,371	23,211	13,802	565,106
1953-54		402,595	331,277	98,119	85,503	47,459	24,589	989,542
1954-55		419,810	346,648	100,293	89,565	49,314	25,452	1,031,082
1955-56		433,081	355,185	102,473	92,589	50,108	27,062	1,060,498
1956-57		436,369	355,204	103,426	91,981	48,748	27,670	1,063,398
1957–58	••	445,802	357,143	101,844	92,472	48,462	28,084	1,073,807
			Percentac	e of Aust	ralian To	ΓAL.		
1938–39		40.48	35.72	9.58	7.67	4.11	2.44	100
1953-54		40.68	33.48	9.92	8.64	4.80	2.48	100
1954-55		40.71	33.62	9.73	8.69	4.78	2.47	100
1955–56		40.84	33.49	9.66	8.73	4.73	2.55	100
1956-57		41.04	33,40	9.73	8.65	4.58	2.60	100
1957-58		41.51	33.26	9.48	8.61	4.52	2.62	100

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT—continued.

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
		Per 10	0,000 of P	OPULATION.			
1938–39	 836	1,078	537	729	497	581	18
1953–54	 1,182	1,367	754	1,088	753	795	1,11
1954–55	 1,213	1,393	757	1,109	746	813	1,13
1955–56	 1,229	1,385	758	1,110	750	848	1,13
1956–57	 1,216	1,345	749	1,068	712	848	1,11
1957–58	 1,219	1,319	726	1,044	694	841	1,10

2. Rates of Increase, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58.—The percentage increase on the average number of persons employed in the preceding year is shown below for each State:—

FACTORIES: ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASE OF PERSONS EMPLOYED.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39		1.74	0.02	3.82	-1.62	0.34	4.80	1.06
1953-54	'	5.89	6.60	5.36	6.24	5.03	4.66	6.03
1954-55		4.28	4.64	2.22	4.75	3.91	3.51	4.20
1955-56		3.16	2.46	2.17	3.38	1.61	6.33	2.85
1956-57		0.75	0.00	0.93	-0.66	-2.71	2.25	0.27
1957-58		2.18	0.55	-1.53	0.53	-0.59	1.50	0.98

Note.—Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

3. Persons Employed in Classes of Industry.—(i) Australia. The following table shows the average number of persons employed in factories in each industrial class in Australia for the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, AUSTRALIA.

	Class of Industry.	1938–39.	1953–54.	195455.	1955-56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
	Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine						
	and Quarry Products	10,343	18,748	20,560	20,893	20,318	20,883
II.	Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	15,709	21,708	22,549	22,914	22,162	22,448
	Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints,				1		
	Oils, Grease	19,816	37,988	41,324	44,718	45,753	46,986
IV.	Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-	,,		1	·	·	· '
	ances	177,677	397,713	422,124	444,274	447,405	459,345
v.	Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	3,726	5,970	6,029	5,894	6,053	5,905
VI.	Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	46,082	69,482	69,046	68,356	70,176	68,875
VII.	Skins and Leather (not Clothing or	,		· '		-	l '
	Footwear)	10,767	14,676	14,502	13,810	13,454	13,171
VIII.	Clothing (except Knitted)	86,092	112,520	112,802			
IX.	Food, Drink and Tobacco	83,846	123,073	125,934	126,493	124,723	123 471
X.	Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood	} `	-	1			ł
	Turning and Carving	30,739	58,932	61,153		60,008	59,238
XI.	Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc	15,287	20,975	21,342	21,508	21,258	22,099
XII.	Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	,					1
	binding, etc	39,913	56,119	59,777	62,713	64,719	66,285
	Rubber	7,502	14,962	16,325			
XIV.	Musical Instruments	451	1,575	1,623			
XV.	Miscellaneous Products	7,727	19,565	19,962	20,967	21,746	22,332
	Total, Classes 1. to XV	555,677	974,006	1,015,052	1,044,300	1,046,787	1,057,191
XVI.	Heat, Light and Power	9,429	15,536	16,030	16,198	16,611	16,616
	Grand Total	565,106	989,542	1,031,082	1,060,498	1,063,398	 1,073,807

(ii) States. Particulars of the numbers employed in each industrial class are shown in the following table for each State:—

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1957-58.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli-							
ferous Mine and Quarry	8,294	6,341	1 075	1.074	1 510	700	20.003
Products	11,623	5,660	1,975 1,270	1,974 2,086	1,519 1,457	780 352	20,883
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	11,023	3,000	1,270	2,000	1,437	332	22,448
Paints, Oils, Grease	21,444	16,996	1,780	3,230	2,747	789	46,986
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	21,777	10,550	1,700	3,230	2,747	709	40,500
Conveyances	209,583	134,221	36,284	50,235	19,549	9,473	459,345
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	205,505	15.,22.	30,204	30,233	1,5,5	2,473	755,545
Plate	2,452	2,469	309	428	232	15	5,905
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	_,	_,					1 3,503
(not Dress)	22,178	38,078	2,159	2,590	949	2,921	68,875
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	1	1	,	, , , , , ,		_ ,	1
ing or Footwear)	5,278	4,649	1,259	1,292	626	67	13,171
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	43,731	45,764	8,091	5,094	3,380	887	106,947
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	38,741	37,310	25,358	11,050	6,436	4,576	123,471
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.			'	1			1
Wood Turning and Carving	19,850	14,815	10,510	4,900	5,755	3,408	59,238
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,				}			1
etc	8,913	6,550	2,869	2,013	1,301	453	22,099
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,				1			
Bookbinding, etc	28,158	22,113	5,717	4,015	2,537	3,745	66,285
XIII. Rubber	7,956	6,932	1,636	1,146	270	165	18,105
XIV. Musical Instruments	688	269	61	45	38	****	1,101
XV. Miscellaneous Products	9,962	10,357	602	797	412	202	22,332
Total Classes 1. to XV.	438,851	352,524	99,880	90,895	47,208	27.833	1,057,191
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	6,951	4,619	1,964	1,577	1,254	251	16,616
Grand Total	445,802	357,143	101,844	92,472	48,462	28,084	1,073,807

4. Persons Employed According to Occupational Grouping.—(i) General. In the following table, the average number of persons employed in each State during 1957-58 is classified according to occupational grouping. As mentioned previously, persons employed in factories are now classified on a basis different from that adopted prior to 1945-46. The nature of this change is indicated in para. 1 of this section (see p. 159).

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED—OCCUPATIONAL GROUPING, 1957-58.

		Average Number of Persons Employed.									
State.	Working Pro- prietors.	Mana- gerial and Clerical Staff, etc.(a)	Chemists, Drafts- men, etc.	Foremen and Overseers.	Workers in Factory (Skilled and Un- skilled).	Carters (excluding Delivery only) and Messen- gers, etc. (b)	Total.				
New South Wales .	. 16,202	53,896	6,955	19,521	347,182	2,046	445,802				
Victoria	13,934	40,951	5,751	16,262	278,110	2,135	357,143				
Queensland .	4,946	10,169	1,073	4,080	80,831	745	101,844				
South Australia .	. 2,941	11,028	1,672	4,446	72,037	348	92,472				
Western Australia .	2,714	4,220	473	2,121	38,835	99	48,462				
Tasmania	. 1,052	2,895	584	1,334	22,102	117	28,084				
Total Males .	. 36,373	75,871	15,036	44,252	646,256	4,727	822,515				
Total Females .	. 5,416	47,288	1,472	3,512	192,841	763	251,292				
Total Persons .	41,789	123,159	16,508	47,764	839,097	5,490	1,073,807				

⁽a) Includes salaried managers and working directors. at home.

⁽b) Includes persons working regularly

- (ii) Outworkers. The term "outworker" or "homeworker" has acquired a special meaning in connexion with manufacturing industries, and embraces only persons to whom work is given out by factories to be done at home. Owing to the amended employment groupings adopted in 1945-46, persons working regularly at home for factories are now included with carters, messengers and others and separate details are no longer available.
- 5. Monthly Employment, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58.—(i) Australia. The following table shows the number of persons (excluding working proprietors) employed in factories on the pay-day nearest to the 15th of each month for the year 1938-39 and on the last pay-day of the month in the later years:—

FACTORIES: MONTHLY EMPLOYMENT, AUSTRALIA.

(Excluding Working Proprietors.)

	Month	1.		1938-39.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957-58.			
				M	TALES.							
July	••		• • •	387,693	704,109	739,450	768,382	775,580	781,156			
August				389,979	707,438	741,435	770,312	774,506	780,630			
September				391,576	710,246	743,638	771,715	774,119	782,988			
October				393,977	715,338	746,139	774,071	774,455	785,289			
November				395,192	719,230	750,285	777,304	777,127	785,825			
December	• •	• •		394,438	716,202	747,230	772,509	772,479	781,054			
January		••		385,742	722,277	750,823	774,077	773,419	786,520			
February	• •			392,056	727,754	755,456			790,835			
March	• •			395,146	732,000	757,956			793,327			
April	• •			391,005	731,923	760,139	780,418		791,617			
May	• •	• •		393,609	734,340	761,555						
June		• •	• •	390,963	738,002	763,488	777,968	780,156	791,098			
Females.												
July	••		· · ·	147,282	212,322	231,222	238,883	240,918	242,399			
August				149,294	214,644	232,603	240,857	241,429	243,489			
September				151,159	218,078	234,818	243,289	243,199	245,019			
October				152,473	222,255	236,930	244,840		246,360			
November				152,806	224,672	238,146	244,582	245,006	247,805			
December	• •			151,165	224,100	236,804	242,366	242,175	244,653			
January				141,853	228,838	236,664	240,574	243,191	245,340			
February				151,883	232,678	242,008	247,841	248,336	250,891			
March	••			154,854	236,354	242,573	247,209	250,728	252,918			
April				152,614	234,175	239,460	244,588	245,873	247,439			
May				150,693	232,333	238,450	243,989	244,054	245,855			
June				148,601	232,009	238,529	•					
					ERSONS.							
July	••			534,975	916,431	970,672	1,007,265	1,016,498	1,023,555			
August		• •	• •	539,273	922,082	974,038	1,011,169	1,015,935	1,024,119			
September	• •	• •		542,735	928,324	978,456	1,015,004	1,017,318	1,028,007			
October	• •			546,450	937,593			1,019,585				
November	• •		• •	547,998	943,902			1,022,133				
December	• •	• •	• •	545,603	940,302	984,034	1,014,875	1,014,654	1,025,707			
January				527,595	951,115			1,016,610				
February				543,939	960,432			1,027,982				
March				550,000	968,354	1,000,529	1,026,736	1,031,701	1,046,245			
April				543,619	966,098			1,023,135				
May				544,302	966,673	1,000,005	1,024,241	1,023,811	1,037,258			
June				539,564	970,011	1,002,017	1,020,516	1,023,122	1,035,150			
				,	-,	,,_						

(ii) States. Particulars of the numbers employed in each State on the last pay-day of each month in 1957-58 are shown in the following table:—

FACTORIES: MONTHLY EMPLOYMENT, 1957-58.

(Excluding Working Proprietors.)

M	onth.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			·	M	Sales.	,		· · · · · · · · ·	·
July			318,674	245,685	83,459	72,731	39,156	21,451	781,156
August	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		318,989	244,951	83,215	72,841	39,160	21,474	780,630
September			320,128	246,093	82,561	73,015	39,602	21,589	782,988
October			321,472	247,017	82,122	73,383	39,702	21,593	785,289
November			323,329	247,928	79,865	73,290	39,730	21,683	785,825
December	• •		322,365	247,903	75,715	73,121	39,550	22,400	781,054
January			323,544	249,998	76,962	73,780	39,506	22,730	786,520
February			325,441	251,277	78,149	73,716	39,792	22,460	790,835
March			326,235	251,815	79,306	73,830	39,924	22,217	793,327
April			326,523	250,065	79,691	73,453	39,642	22,243	791,617
May			326,605	249,153	81,276	72,982	39,280	22,107	791,403
June	••	••	326,008	248,065	83,031	73,026	39,054	21,914	791,098
				Fe	MALES.				<u>'</u>
				ſ 					<u> </u>
July	• •	• •	104,315	94,753	16,470	15,695	6,173	4,993	242,399
August	• •	• •	104,937	95,155	16,680	15,847	6,184	4,686	243,489
September	••	• •	106,307	95,532	16,476	15,953	6,265	4,486	245,019
October	• •	• •	107,114	95,995	16,549	16,005	6,264	4,433	246,360
November	• •	• •	107,858	96,731	16,418	16,035	6,330	4,433	247,805
December	••	• •	105,785	95,335	16,076	16,253	6,317	4,887	244,653
January			104,338	96,733	16,013	16,939	6,198	5,119	245,340
February	••		106,019	99,864	16,889	16,797	6,356	4,966	250,891
March			106,669	100,448	17,208	17,123	6,437	5,033	252,918
April			106,130	97,170	16,129	16,301	6,420	5,289	247,439
May			105,834	96,055	16,290	16,023	6,320	5,333	245,855
June	••	••	105,535	94,700	16,343	15,961	6,178	5,335	244,052
			·	PE	RSONS.				1
T.,1,,			422,989	340,438	99,929	88,426	45,329	26,444	1 023 555
July August	••	• •	422,989	340,436	99,929	88,688	45,344	26,160	1,023,555
August September	••	••	425,926	340,106	99,037	88,968	45,867	26,100	1,024,119
October	• •	••	428,586	343,012	98,671	89,388	45,966	26,075	1,028,007
November	• •	• •	431,187	344,659	96,283	89,325	46,060	26,116	1,031,649
December		••	428,150	343,238	91,791	89,374	45,867	27,287	1,025,707
January			427,882	346,731	92,975	90,719	45,704	27,849	1,031,860
February			431,460	351,141	95,038	90,513	46,148	27,426	1,041,726
March			432,904	352,263	96,514	90,953	46,361	27,250	1,046,245
April			432,653	347,235	95,820	89,754	46,062	27,532	1,039,056
May	• •	• •	432,439	345,208	97,566	89,005	45,600	27,440	1,037,258
June			431,543	342,765	99,374	88,987	45,232	27,249	1,035,150

6. Distribution of Employees According to Age.—The extension of statistics of employment in factories, decided upon at the Conference of Australian Statisticians held in 1945, permits of a distribution of employees (excluding working proprietors) into seven age-groups from 1945-46 onwards, instead of three as in previous years. The particulars are collected as at June. The number employed in each age-group on the last pay-day in June, 1957 and 1958, are given below:—

FACTORIES: DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES ACCORDING TO AGE, JUNE, 1957 AND 1958.

(EXCLUDING WORKING PROPRIETORS.)

		June, 1957.			June, 1958.	
Age Group.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Under 16 years	 9,158	6,828	15,986	8,710	6,924	15,634
16 years	 13,310	8,292	21,602	13,817	9,180	22,997
17 ,,	 15,289	9,276	24,565	16,347	9,790	26,137
18 ,,	 16,104	9,715	25,819	16,802	10,025	26,827
19 ,	 15,219	8,986	24,205	16,337	9,421	25,758
20 ,,	 14,162	7,959	22,121	15,315	8,737	24,052
21 ,, and over	 696,914	191,910	888,824	703,770	189,975	893,745
Total	 780,156	242,966	1,023,122	791,098	244,052	1,035,150

The following table shows the age distribution in sexes for Australia in June, 1939, and 1954 to 1958:—

FACTORIES: DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES IN JUNE, ACCORDING TO AGE, AUSTRALIA.

(EXCLUDING WORKING PROPRIETORS.)

In Ju	ne.	Under 16 Years.	16 Years.	17 Years.	18 Years.	19 Years.	20 Years.	21 Years and Over.	Total.
				M	fales.				-
1939(a)	• •	16,109			76,418			298,436	390,963
1954		9,294	12,874	14,947	14,591		12,426	660,899	738,002
1955		9,093	13,137	14,694	15,341	13,772	12,838	684,613	763,488
1956		9,061	13,025	14,985	15,348	14,884	13,635	697,030	777,968
1957		9,158	13,310	15,289	16,104	15,219	14,162	696,914	780,156
1958		8,710	13,817	16,347	16,802	16,337	15,315	′ 703,770	791,098
				F	MALES.				
1939(a)		15,497			56,273			76,831	148,601
1954		7,228	8,945	9,899	9,702	8,719	7,807	179,709	232,009
1955		6,605	8,547	9,902	9,994	8,600	7,710	187,171	238,529
1956		6,557	8,163	9,390	10,102	9,072	7,801	191,463	242,548
1957		6,828	8,292	9,276	9,715	8,986	7,959	191,910	242,966
1958		6,924	9,180	9,790	10,025	9,421	8,737	189,975	244,052
				Per	sons.	•			
1939(a)	••	31,606			132,691			375,267	539,564
1954		16,522	21,819	24,846	24,293	21,690	20,233	840,608	970,011
1955		15,698	21,684	24,596	25,335	22,372	20,548	871,784	1,002,017
1956		15,618	21,188	24,375	25,450	23,956	21,436		1,020,516
1957	'	15,986	21,602	24,565	25,819	24,205	22,121	888,824	1,023,122
1958		15,634	22,997	26,137	26,827	25,758	24,052		1,035,150

⁽a) Details for individual ages 16-20 years not available separately.

§ 6. Sex Distribution in Factories.

1. Average Number of Males and Females Employed.—The following table shows the average number of males and females employed in factories in each State for 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

FACTORIES: MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED.

State.		1938-39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
			Males				
New South Wales	••	167,172	305,040	316,673	327,106	329,386	337,211
Victoria		136,218	240,698	251,675	258,006	258,119	259,404
Queensland		43,941	81,425	83,290	85,123	85,899	84,871
South Australia		35,406	70,657	73,714	76,144	75,543	75,909
Western Australia		18,704	40,439	42,294	43,340	42,122	42,039
Tasmania		11,150	20,249	21,045	22,128	22,482	23,081
Australia	<u>:-</u>	412,591	758,508	788,691	811,847	813,551	822,515
			Female	s.			
New South Wales		61,609	97,555	103,137	105,975	106,983	108,591
Victoria		65,613	90,579	94,973	97,179	97,085	97,739
Queensland		10,169	16,694	17,003	17,350	17,527	16,973
South Australia		7,965	14,846	15,851	16,445	16,438	16,563
Western Australia		4,507	7,020	7,020	6,768	6,626	6,423
Tasmania		2,652	4,340	4,407	4,934	5,188	5,003
Australia		152,515	231,034	242,391	48,651	249,847	251,292

2. Rate of Variation for each Sex.—The percentages of increase or decrease on the average numbers of males and females employed in the preceding year are shown below for the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

FACTORIES: ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASES OF MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED.

State.		1938–39.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
			Males	•			
New South Wales		1.69	4.57	3.81	3.29	0.70	2.38
Victoria		0.04	5.24	4.56	2.52	0.04	0.50
Queensland		3.79	4.89	2.29	2.20	0.91	-1.20
South Australia		-2.39	5.28	4.33	3.30	-0.79	0.48
Western Australia		-0.30	4.73	4.59	2.47	-2.81	-0.20
Tasmania		4.40	3.20	3.93	5.15	1.60	2.66
Australia		0.98	4.85	3.98	2.94	0.21	1.10
			Female	S.			
New South Wales	•••	1.88	10.22	5.72	2.75	0.95	1.50
Victoria		-0.03	10.42	4.85	2.32	-0.10	0.88
Queensland		3.96	7.73	1.85	2.04	1.02	-3.16
South Australia		1.98	11.05	6.77	3.75	-0.04	0.76
Western Australia		3.06	6.78	۱	- 3.59	-2.10	-3.06
Tasmania		6.51	12.03	1.54	11.96	5.15	-3.57
Australia		1.30	10.09	4.92	2.58	0.50	0.58

Note.—Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

3. Masculinity of Persons Employed in Factories.—The extent to which females are employed in the factories of Australia may perhaps be more clearly shown by the proportion of males to females employed in each State. The following table shows particulars for the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.	
1938-39	••	•	271	208	432	445	415	420	271
1953-54			313	266	488	476	576	467	328
1954-55			307	265	490	465	602	478	325
1955-56			309	265	491	463	640	448	327
1956-57			308	266	490	460	636	433	326
1957-58			311	265	500	458	655	461	327

(a) Number of males per 100 females.

For a number of years prior to 1926–27, there were on the average 300 males employed in factories for every 100 females, but by 1932–33, as a result of the particularly severe effect of the depression on the heavier industries where males predominate in number, there were only 239 males employed to every 100 females. With the subsequent recovery of employment in the heavier industries, the proportion of males per 100 females increased to 271 in 1937–38 and 1938–39. The enlistment of men in the armed services, the expansion of industry and the consequential absorption of women brought about by the 1939–45 War caused a decrease in masculinity from 1938–39 to 1943–44. However, following the cessation of hostilities in 1945 and the return of servicemen to civilian life, the number of females employed in factories declined and masculinity increased. In 1957–58, there were 327 males to every 100 females employed in factories.

4. Employment of Females in Particular Industries.—(i) General. The majority of females in manufacturing industries are employed in four classes, namely:—IV., Industrial Metals, Machines, etc.; VI., Textiles; VIII., Clothing; and IX., Food, Drink and Tobacco. In 1957-58, these industries accounted for 78.38 per cent. of all females in factories. In two classes only did the number of females exceed the number of males, namely, in Class VI., Textiles, where there were 131 females to every 100 males and in Class VIII., Clothing, with 236 females to every 100 males. The following table shows the average number of males and females employed in each of the four classes in 1957-58:—

MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED IN PARTICULAR INDUSTRIES, 1957-58.

Class.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
		Males.					
IV. Industrial Metals, etc. VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	183,165	118,775	34,036	44,613	18,682	8,917	408,188
(not Dress)	9.082	16,789	780	1,320	531	1,288	29,790
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	12,310	13,984	2,345	1,706	1,143	384	31,872
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	27,061	26,981	21,601	8,012	5,044	3,130	91,829
All Other Classes	105,593	82,875	26,109	20,258	16,639	9,362	260,836
Total	337,211	259,404	84,871	75,909	42,039	23,081	822,515
		FEMALES					
IV. Industrial Metals, etc	26,418	15,446	2,248	5,622	867	556	51,157
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	,	,	,	1	!		
(not Dress)	13,096	21,289	1,379	1,270	418	1,633	39,085
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	31,421	31,780	5,746	3,388	2,237	503	75,075
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	11,680	10,329	3,757	3,038	1,392	1,446	31,642
All Other Classes	25,976	18,895	3,843	3,245	1,509	865	54,333
Total	108,591	97,739	16,973	16,563	6,423	5,003	251,292

(ii) Females Employed in Clothing Manufacture. The employment of females in the several industries of Class VIII., Clothing, the class in which the largest number of females is employed, and the relation of their number to that of the males so employed, are shown in the following table.

EMPLOYMENT IN CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, FEMININITY(a), 1957-58.

	New	South V	Vales.		Victoria.	•	O	her Stat	es.
Industry.	Males.	Fe- males.	Femininity.	Males.	Fe- males.	Femininity.	Males.	Fe- males.	Feminity.
Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing Waterproof and Oilskin	2,986	14,403	482	2,865	6,914	241	1,074	3,215	299
Clothing Dressmaking, Hemstitching	114	535 1,358	469 1,021	116 1,211	334 7,528	288 622	10 150	52 2,537	520 1,691
Millinery Shirts, Collars, Undercloth-	240	1,258	524	1,211	636	353	38	399	1,050
ing	465	4,174	898	723	5,626	778	164	1,886	1,150
Foundation Garments Handkerchiefs, Ties and	116	1,412	1,217	234	1,504	643	23	153	665
Scarves	163	1,028	631	76	373	491	33	121	367
Hats and Caps Gloves	479 103	476 348	99	202 35	171 218	85 623	26 41	109 141	429 344
Boots and Shoes (not Rub-	103	348	338	33	210	023	41	141	344
ber)	3,367	3.410	101	5.371	5,721	107	1,689	1,281	76
Boot and Shoe Repairing	1,505	112	7	712	54	7	668	66	10
Boot and Shoe Accessories	197	103	52	375	211	56	39	7	18
Umbrellas and Walking		95			66	244	17	40	235
Sticks Dyeworks and Cleaning (including Renovating and	55	93	173	21	00	314	17	40	233
Repairing)	2,342	2,333	100	1,756	2,054	117	1,606	1.867	116
Other	45	376	836	107	370	346			
Total	12,310	31,421	255	13,984	31,780	227	5,578	11,874	213

(a) Number of females per 100 males.

§ 7. Child Labour in Factories.

- 1. Conditions of Child Labour.—The employment of young persons in factories in the States is regulated by Acts of Parliament, as is the case with the employment of female labour. The object of the restrictions imposed is to ensure, amongst other things, that a proper period shall be devoted to primary education, and that the early years of labour shall not exhaust the worker before the attainment of full growth.
- 2. Number of Children Employed, 1939, 1957 and 1958.—In the returns for the various States, the term "child" denotes any person under sixteen years of age. The decline in the number of children employed from the peak of 33,553 reached in June, 1940, to 15,634 in June, 1958, was probably caused by several factors, including (i) the raising of the school leaving age in New South Wales and Tasmania, (ii) fewer children available for employment owing to the decline in the birth rate and (iii) the high level of employment which enabled parents to keep their children at school beyond the statutory leaving age.

The following table shows the number of children of each sex employed in manufacturing industries in June of the years mentioned:—

FACTORIES: CHILDREN(a) EMPLOYED, JUNE.

_		1939.			1957.		1958.			
State.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons	
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	5,759 6,167 1,790 1,296 705 392	7,084 5,005 1,334 1,053 521 500	12,843 11,172 3,124 2,349 1,226 892	2,584 2,966 1,711 878 898 121	1,981 2,480 1,205 724 327 111	4,565 5,446 2,916 1,602 1,225 232	2,575 2,805 1,588 873 769 100	1,929 2,608 1,151 796 327 113	4,504 5,413 2,739 1,669 1,096 213	
Australia	16,109	15,497	31,606	9,158	6,828	15,986	8,710	6,924	15,634	

(a) Under sixteen years of age.

3. Industries Employing Child Labour.—The distribution of children employed in factories in June, 1958, and the proportion of children employed to total employees are given in the following table according to the class of industry:—

FACTORIES: CHILDREN(a) EMPLOYED, BY CLASSES, AUSTRALIA, JUNE, 1958.

Class of Industry.	Children!	Employed.		nployees. b)	Proportion (per cent.) of Children Employed to Total Employees.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances	3,872 465 551 1,008 706 459	701 1,347 2,772 735 104 91	396,137 28,471 26,483 87,648 51,988 16,667	52,249 37,494 72,072 29,054 3,050 3,794	0.98 1.63 2.08 1.15 1.36 2.75	1.34 3.59 3.85 2.53 3.41 2.40	
ing	698 951	608 566	48,222 135,482	17,210 29,129	1.48 0.70	3.53 1.94	
Total	8,710	6,924	791,098	244,052	1.10	2.84	

⁽a) Under sixteen years of age.

4. Apprenticeship.—In all the States, Acts are in force for the regulation of the age at which children may be employed in gainful occupations. Legislative provision is also made for the regulation of apprenticeship under the various State Factories Acts or Arbitration Acts. These Acts, while laying down general principles, leave to the wages tribunals the actual determination of the conditions under which apprentices may be employed.

§ 8. Value of Production, Materials Used, Salaries and Wages.

Note.—In all tables relating to salaries and wages paid in factories, the amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded.

1. General.—The gross value of factory output for 1957-58 was £4,273,882,000, of which £2,386,361,000 was the value of the materials used, including containers, etc., tools replaced and repairs to plant and buildings, and £158,798,000 the value of the power, fuel and light used. The difference between the sum of the last two amounts and the gross value of output, namely, £1,728,723,000, represents the net value of factory production defined as "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting, so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production other than depreciation (see para. 6 of this section, p. 175). The gross value of factory output and the value of materials used each contain inherent elements of duplication, as the output of some factories becomes the materials used in other factories. They therefore have little statistical significance. The net value of factory production indicates the relative importance of manufacturing in the Australian economy in constant money terms. The total amount of salaries and wages paid in factories in 1957-58 was £929,290,000. This figure, which excludes amounts drawn by working proprietors, was the highest ever recorded and shows an increase of £38,200,000 or 4.29 per cent. on that for the previous year.

⁽b) Excludes working proprietors.

2. Salaries and Wages Paid.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1957-58. The amounts of salaries and wages paid in the various classes of industry in each State are shown in the following table:—

FACTORIES: SALARIES AND WAGES PAID, 1957-58. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I, Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-				l			l . .
ducts	8,406	6,118	1,742	1,834	1,248	743	20,091
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	11,122	5,262	1,061	1,978	1,283	327	21,033
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	21.500	17.025	1 527	2 020	2771	000	47.071
Paints, Oils, Grease	21,590	17,235	1,537	3,038	2,771	900	47,071
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	100 120	124 214	28,633	45,217	15,450	9,033	421,776
Conveyances	199,129	124,314	20,033	43,217	13,430	2,033	421,770
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	1,906	2,066	203	315	153	11	4,654
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1,500	2,000	203	313	133		7,054
(not Dress)	16,705	29,353	1,268	2,046	700	2,144	52,216
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	10,703	25,555	1,200	2,010	,,,,	-,	02,210
ing or Footwear)	4,402	3,841	979	1.145	513	51	10,931
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	27,346	30,127	4,234	3,061	1,719	528	67,015
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	32,139	32,560	21,848	8,873	5,009	3,717	104,146
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	1 1	1	1	1) ' [-	1
Wood Turning and Carving	16,408	12,470	7,568	4,070	4,345	2,666	47,527
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	1	1					
etc	7,231	5,143	1,862	1,489	862	298	16,885
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,						4.000	C4 000
Bookbinding, etc	26,011	21,031	4,471	3,384	2,105	4,286	61,288
XIII. Rubber	7,822	6,884	1,280	1,131	208	147	17,472
XIV. Musical Instruments	650	218	39	28	25	1:52	960
XV. Miscellaneous Products	8,466	8,582	393	599	256	153	18,449
Total, Classes I. to XV.	389,333	305,204	77,118	78,208	36,647	25,004	911,514
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	7,359	5,336	1,840	1,636	1,288	317	17,776
Grand Total	396,692	310,540	78,958	79,844	37,935	25,321	929,290

(ii) Totals and Averages, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58. The following table shows the total amount of salaries and wages paid, and the average amount paid per employee in each State, for each of the years indicated. The figures exclude working proprietors and the amounts drawn by them:—

FACTORIES: TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES PAID.

	Үеаг.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.					
	Total Amount Paid (£'000).													
1938–39			44,606	36,027	10,887	8,169	4,574	2,480	106,743					
1953-54			293,586	236,037	63,433	63,110	31,590	17,381	705,137					
1954–55			326,615	262,750	68,300	70,373	34,738	18,864	781,640					
1955–56			359,023	286,944	72,460	76,237	37,207	21,598	853,469					
1956–57			378,332	296,608	77,780	77,818	36,916	23,636	891,090					
1957–58 –		••	396,692	310,540	78,958	79,844	37,935	25,321	929,29					
			Av	erage Pe	r Employ	YEE (£.)								
1938–39			201.77	185.64	210.78	195.57	207.90	188.31	196.3					
1953-54			758.65	743.29	678.35	761.27	703.26	734.60	742.6					
1954-55			804.43	790.00	714.83	810.32	744.17	771.27	789.3					
1955–56			860.91	841.16	740.93	848.43	785.23	828.65	837.3					
1956–57			900.06	869.21	789.63	872.87	801.95	886.68	871.9					
1957-58			923.40	904.81	814.86	891.80	829.22	936.70	900.4					

In comparing the figures in the preceding table, regard should be paid to the nature of certain industries which are carried on to a greater extent in some States than in others. In Victoria, for instance, a large number of hands are employed in Class VIII., Clothing, comprising a relatively high percentage of women and children. The highest average wages per employee in 1957-58 were paid in Tasmania, New South Wales and Victoria, in that order.

The average earnings per employee rose annually from 1938-39 to 1943-44 when a level of £291 was attained as a result of war-time conditions. In 1944-45, the average dropped to £285 and remained at this level in 1945-46. From 1945-46, average earnings rose each year and in 1957-58 reached a record level of slightly over £900.

(iii) Total and Average Earnings of Males and Females, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58. Particulars for these years are given in the following table:-

FACTORIES: TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES-MALES AND TOTAL A TITLE

				PEWALE) .			
Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
				Males.				
			TOTAL A	MOUNT PAI	o (£'000).			
1938-39 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56 1956-57 1957-58		38,272 245,749 274,467 302,880 318,612 334,245	29,006 190,573 213,377 234,784 241,587 253,342	9,920 56,608 61,125 64,918 69,873 70,934	7,488 56,299 62,942 68,213 69,645 71,153	4,129 28,684 31,748 34,236 33,895 34,938	2,234 15,320 16,736 19,146 20,878 22,516	91,049 593,233 660,395 724,177 754,490 787,148
			Average P	er Male Ei	MPLOYEE (£)).		
1938-39 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56 1956-57 1957-58	::	239.24 844.05 906.61 967.45 1,010.17 1,034.19	224.47 833.71 891.40 955.00 981.79 1,023.48	238.59 733.34 773.47 802.89 857.48 881.32	220.95 824.49 883.13 925.47 953.42 970.33	235.49 754.20 797.80 839.62 856.63 884.66	212.09 791.86 833.05 904.78 970.11 1,018.45	231.84 820.98 877.84 933.92 970.91 1,001.28

FEMALES.

TOTAL AMOUNT PAID (£'000).

1938-39	1	6,334	7,021	967	681	445	246	15.694
1953-54		47,837	45,464	6,825	6,811	2,906	2,061	111,904
1954–55	1	52,148	49,373	7,175	7,431	2,990	2,128	121,245
1955-56		56,143	52,160	7,542	8,024	2,971	2,452	129,292
1956–57	[59,720	55,020	7,907	8,174	3,021	2,758	136,600
1957-58		62,447	57,198	8,004	8,691	2,997	2,805	142,142

AVERAGE PER FEMALE EMPLOYEE (£).

1938-39		103.66	108.25	96.00	86.44	99.58	93.19	103.92
1953-54		499.19	510.96	418.23	465.95	421.93	477.84	493.10
1954-55	•••	514.94	529.63	431.68	477.12	434.21	487.12	509.56
1955-56 1956-57	•••	540.06 569.11	547.42 578.14	445.22 464.68	496.84 507.53	449.61 467.32	500.06 537.11	530.23 557.95
1957-58	:: 1	586.89	597.81	487.69	536.42	479.14	569.66	578.10

(iv) Managers, Clerical Staff and Other Employees. A further analysis of salaries and wages paid is given in the following table for 1957-58 and shows the amounts paid to managerial and clerical staff, including salaried managers and working directors, chemists, draftsmen and other laboratory and research staff, and those paid to other employees. As previously mentioned, amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded in all cases.

FACTORIES: SALARIES AND WAGES PAID TO MANAGERS, CLERICAL STAFF, ETC., AND OTHER EMPLOYEES, AUSTRALIA, 1957-58.

Class of Industry.	Staff, C	s, Clerical hemists, nen, etc.	All Other Employees.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine and Quarry					
Products	2,557	434	16,971	129	
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	1,901	440	17,974	718	
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils, Grease	10,736	2,237	30,026	4,072	
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances	61,015	12,761	330,773	17,226	
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	556	204	3,443	451	
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	4,880	1,981	24,855	20,499	
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)	1,275	259	7,892	1,505	
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	4,789	2,503	20,910	38,813	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	13,950	3,870	72,663	13,663	
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and	4,931	1000	40.049	500	
Carving XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc	1,692	1,068	40,948	580 1,557	
VII Damas Statismann Duinting Deal-binding at-	7,987		13,109 43,482		
VIII Darkton	2,585	2,610 560	12,708	7,210	
VIV Mariant Comment	104	23	762	1,618 71	
VII Add Dod Dod	2,660	808	11,333	3,649	
Total, Classes I. to XV	121,618	30,285	647,849	111,761	
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	1,726	71	15,954	25	
Grand Total	123,344	30,356	663,803	111,786	
Average poid per amplement	£	£	£	£	
Average paid per employee	1,356.81	622.56	954.79	567.11	

3. Power, Fuel and Light Used.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1957-58. The expenditure by factories on power, fuel and light, including the value of lubricants and water, is of considerable importance; in 1957-58 it amounted to a new high level of £158,798,000, an increase of £5,688,000 as compared with the previous year and more than ten times the corresponding value in 1938-39. The following table shows the value of power, fuel and light, etc., used in the different classes of industry:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED(a), 1957-58. (£'000.)

		(2 000.)					~~~
Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-		-					
ous Mine and Quarry Pro- ducts	2,881	2,028	773	902	545	335	7,464
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	3,608	1,974	404	587	542	142	7,257
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,							'
Paints, Oils, Grease	5,901	6,355	322	820	2,055	338	15,791
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances	29,632	6,963	1,744	5,801	1,046	1,912	47,098
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	29,032	0,903	1,744	3,601	1,040	1,912	47,096
Plate	138	142	12	36	11	1	340
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods					1		
(not Dress)	1,482	2,367	65	215	55	222	4,406
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)	412	469	77	146	70	7	1,181
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	894	905	177	128	84	41	2,229
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	6,023	5,747	2,794	1,350	1,000	499	17,413
X. Sawmills, Join ry, Boxes, etc.,	1 400		4.5	207	226	211	2 452
Wood Turning and Carving XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	1,498	663	467	207	326	311	3,472
etc.	182	121	47	40	23	7	420
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	ł	}		1		•	
Bookbinding, etc	1,378	1,792	228	294	93	1,219	5,004
XIII. Rubber	1,046	1,088	169	135	26	21	2,485
XIV. Musical Instruments XV. Miscellaneous Products	42 555	11 568	11	50	(b)	5	1,202
Total, Classes I. to XV.	55,672	31,193	7,291	10.712	5,889	5,060	115,817
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	17,780	11,569	5,861	4,221	3,536	14	42,981
	17,700	11,309	- 3,001		- 3,330		72,701
Grand Total	73,452	42,762	13,152	14,933	9,425	5,074	158,798
	ł	J	ł.	ł	1 1		l

⁽a) Includes value of lubricants and water.

⁽b) Less than £500.

(ii) Values of Items, 1957-58. The following table shows the values of the various items of power, fuel and light used in factories in each State, during the year:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF ITEMS OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED(a), 1957-58. (£'000.)

Particulars.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal, Black		20,880	2,834	7,130	(b) 4,436	2,535	1,177	38,992
"Brown			7.882			1 . 1		7,882
Brown Coal Briquettes		[1,737			1 1		1,737
Coke		12,383	1,012	385	3,261	196	328	17,565
Wood		434	563	407	410	416	219	2,449
Engl Oil		8,684	12,215	1,169	2,237	3.497	668	28,470
To- (Evol)	••	995	241	1,100	2,107	28	24	1,405
Tlandalaites	• •	20,747	11.970	3.041	3,345	1,991	2,317	43,411
Gas	•••			166		1,991		
	••	3,516	1,082		221		35	5,102
Other (Charcoal, etc.)	• •	2,048	878	128	302	229	120	3,705
Water		2,534	1,486	362	374	240	94	5,090
Lubricating Oils	••	1,231	862	354	240	211	92	2,990
Total		73,452	42,762	13,152	14,933	9,425	5,074	158,798

⁽a) Includes value of lubricants and water. of Leigh Creek coal.

(iii) Quantities of Fuel Used, 1957-58. The following table shows the quantities of fuel used in factories in each State during the year:—

FACTORIES: QUANTITIES OF FUEL USED, 1957-58.

Parti	culars.		Unit.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal, Black	••	••	'000 tons	5,844	453 9.127	1,640	(a)1,189	562	— ₂₄₅	9,933 9,127
Brown Coal		3	"	2,117	357		346	∷ 20		357 2,648
Wood Fuel Oil	::	::	'000 gals.	137.188	266 223,063	218 11.638	199 35,102	313 53,579	98 8.181	1,293
Tar (Fuel)	··-		,,	32,618	4,170	251	2,540	754	469	40,802

⁽a) Includes 672,000 tons of Leigh Creek coal.

(iv) Total Value, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58. The next table shows the amounts expended on power, fuel and light during these years:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED.(a) (£'000.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
1938-39	7,652	4,000	1,423	1,018	1,169	438	15,700
	58,447	29,080	10,655	12,500	6,972	2,804	120,458
	60,925	31,767	11,620	12,897	8,046	3,127	128,382
	66,469	34,598	11,980	12,830	9,053	4,097	139,027
	71,445	40,381	13,130	14,130	9,225	4,799	153,110
	73,452	42,762	13,152	14,933	9,425	5,074	158,798

⁽a) Includes value of lubricants and water.

4. Value of Materials Used.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1957-58. The value of materials used (which includes the value of containers, packing, etc., the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant) in factories in Australia in 1957-58 reached £2,386,361,000, representing

⁽b) Includes £1,444,000 the value of 672,000 tons

55.8 per cent. of the value of the final output (see para. 5). The following table shows the value of the materials used in various classes of industry in each State:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF MATERIALS USED, 1957-58.(a) (£'000.)

Class of Industry,	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land,	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	, ,				i		
ducts	29,922	12,370	3,959	4,209	2,391	1,243	54,094
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	9,504	5,102	901	2,354	762	223	18,846
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	_				l		
Paints, Oils, Grease	118,164	98,261	8,590	13,616	37,838	2,338	278,807
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	i 1			i			
Conveyances	448,503	202,772	48,516	88,234	22,430	16,346	826,801
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,			ł	Į.	1		
Plate	1,891	2,871	95	211	74	8	5,150
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1 1		í ·	ľ	1 1		
(not Dress)	39,463	77,985	4,440	4,103	4,363	6,097	136,451
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-					, ,		
ing or Footwear)	12,668	11,129	2,828	5,974	1,061	326	33,986
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	46,206		5,750	3,420	2,085	320	105,941
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	166,325	183,714	140,028	38,192	26,464	16,190	570,913
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	1			1			
Wood Turning and Carving	39,132	26,946	15,789	10,409	7,504	5,781	105,561
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,				1			
etc	14,503	10,123	3,984	2,711	1,813	486	33,620
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,				1	1 1		1
Bookbinding, etc.	49,467		7,602	5,789	3,152	6,928	119,363
XIII. Rubber	17,867	17,415	3,570	1,863	372	198	41,285
XIV. Musical Instruments	1,036		29	8	15		1,339
XV. Miscellaneous Products	14,041	18,556	509	941	296	91	34,434
Total, Classes I. to XV.	1,008,692	762,080	246,590	182,034	110,620	56,575	2,366,591
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	8,236	6,379	2,057	1,846	905	347	19,770
Grand Total	1,016,928	768,459	248,647	183,880	111,525	56,922	2,386,361

⁽a) See para. 1 of this section, p. 169.

(ii) Total Amount, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58. The following table shows the value of materials used in factories for these years:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF MATERIALS USED.(a) (£'000.)

Year.	;	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938–39		120,502	82,971	42,596	20,309	9,604	5,321	281,303
1953-54		721,311	548,111	211,451	152,590	72,468	42,042	1,747,973
1954–55 1955–56	• •	802,617 884,582	616,666 674,846	224,336 231,584	169,136 183,196	80,583 96,360	47,360 53,751	1,940,698 2,124,319
1956-57	• • •	948,393	707,729	244,974	184,209	104,969	56,909	2,247,183
1957-58	••	1,016,928	768,459	248,647	183,880	111,525	56,922	2,386.361

⁽a) See para. 1 of this section, p. 169.

5. Value of Output.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1957-58. The value of the output of factories in the various classes in each State in 1957-58 is shown in the following table. It represents the selling value at the factory (excluding delivery costs and charges) of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products. In addition, it includes the amount received for other work done such as repair work, assembling and making up for customers. The difference between the sum of the values of the materials and of the power, fuel and light used, and the value of output is the net value of factory production (see paras. 1 and 6 of this section).

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT, 1957-58.(a)

(£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer- ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	40.600	25 220	0.074	0.100	5.000		
ducts II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	30,813		8,274 3,152			2,897 849	
Paints, Oils, Grease IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	192,241	1			,	5,405	440,257
Conveyances V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	819,158	1 1		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,1,568,39 5
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	5,404	1		755	'''	31	
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)	71,293 19,676		,,.	7,935 7.555	,		'
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	91,604 249,608	97,412	4,433 12,898 185,709	8,132	5,023	402 1,171 23,920	216,240
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving	70,390			17,145	,	10,848	-
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	26,803	19,307	7,093	5,227	3,298	1,013	62,741
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Bookbinding, etc.	100,290 30,247		16,289 6,494	12,707 3,995	7,348 833	18,381 451	245,073 73,979
XIV. Musical Instruments XV. Miscellaneous Products	2,614 30,216	699	86	48 2,150	52	285	3,499
Total, Classes 1. to XV.	1,789,986	 [,343,433	391,663	321,949	188,163	109,846	4,145,040
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	58,256	34,264	14,094	10,149	8,099	3,980	128,842
Grand Total	1,848,242	1,377,697	405,757	332,098	196,262	113,826	4,273,882

⁽a) See para. 1 of this section, p. 169

(ii) Total, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58. The following table shows the value of output in each State during these years:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT.(a)

(£'000.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1953–54 1954–55 1955–56 1956–57	 218,420 1,299,801 1,446,669 1,595,137 1,726,637 1,848,242	152,967 985,505 1,100,656 1,201,392 1,276,141 1,377,697	63,321 332,361 356,017 371,644 396,504 405,757	35,005 265,311 293,061 316,962 325,105 332,098	19,549 134,587 149,585 175,146 187,636 196,262	11,158 77,911 88,601 103,779 110,390 113,826	500,420 3,095,476 3,434,589 3,764,060 4,022,413 4,273,882

⁽a) See para. 1 of this section p. 169.

6. Value of Production.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1957-58. The value of production for any industry was defined at the Conference of Statisticians at Sydney in 1925 as "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting, so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production."

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In accordance with this definition, it was agreed that a deduction consisting of the costs of raw material, containers, power, fuel, light, lubricants, water, tools replaced, repairs to plant and depreciation should be made from the "value of output". All these deductions with the exception of depreciation are included in the items "value of materials used" and "value of fuel used" as defined above. On account of the difficulty experienced in securing accurate figures for depreciation, it was agreed that no deduction should be made on this account. The net value of production as given in the following tables is obtained therefore, by deducting only "value-of-materials used" and "value of fuel used" from the "value of output".

Only certain selected items of costs are recorded in the annual census of production. It must not, therefore, be inferred that, when wages and salaries are deducted from the value of production, the whole of the "surplus" is available for interest and profit, as many miscellaneous expenses such as taxation, insurance, advertising and other overhead charges, as well as depreciation, also have to be taken into account.

The value of factory production, therefore, approximates "net value added" in the manufacturing process. It amounted in 1957-58 to £1,729 million to which Class IV., Industrial Metals, etc., with £694 million made the greatest contribution. The net value of production in 1957-58 showed an increase of £107 million (6.57 per cent.) over the figure for 1956-57 and £1,525 million over the value of production recorded in 1938-39.

The following table shows the value of production in 1957-58 in each State for the various classes of industry:—

FACTORIES: VALUE	OF	PRODUCTION,	1957-58.(a)
1	(£'00	0.)	

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro- ducts	16,826	11,822	3,543	4.076	2,956	1.319	40,542
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	17,701	8,768	1,846			484	34,319
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	'			i '	'		
Paints, Oils, Grease	68,176	48,563	5,151	8,650	12,389	2,730	145,659
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances	341,024	198,464	45,873	68,605	24,374	16,156	694,496
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	341,024	170,707	45,675	00,003	24,374	10,150	0,74,70
Plate	3,375	3,424	. 315	508	285	22	7,929
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods				`	ì ì		
(not Dress)	30,348	50,520	2,107	3,618	1,445	3,460	91,498
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)	6,595	6,009	1,529	1,435	753	69	16,390
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	44,504	48,347	6,972			8ĬÓ	108,070
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	77,260	71,433				7,231	224,936
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	'!						~~ ~~
Wood Turning and Carving	29,760	22,030	12,594	6,529	7,384	4,756	83,053
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	12,118	9,063	3,062	2,475	1,463	520	28,701
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	12,110	9,003	3,002	2,773	1,403	320	20,701
Bookbinding, etc.	49,444	41,841	8,459	6,624	4,103	10,235	
XIII. Rubber	11,334	-13,457				231	30,209
XIV. Musical Instruments	1,536	437					2,105
XV. Miscellaneous Products	15,620	15,983					
Total, Classes 1. to XV.	725,621	550,161					1,662,632
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	32,241	16,315	6,176	4,081	3,659	3,619	66,091
Grand Total	757,862	566,476	143,958	133,285	75,312	51.830	1,728,723

⁽a) See para. 1 of this section, p. 169.

⁽ii) Total and Averages, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58. The value of production and the amount per person employed and per head of population are shown in the following table. For Australia as a whole, the value of production per head of population increased from £29.34 in 1938-39 to £178.45 in 1957-58. For value per person employed, the increase was not quite so pronounced (from £360 per head in 1938-39 to £1,610 in 1957-58).

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PRODUCTION,(a)

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			V	ALUE. (£'	000.)			
1938-39 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56 1956-57 1957-58	::	90,266 520,043 583,127 644,086 706,799 757,862	65,996 408,314 452,223 491,948 528,031 566,476	19,302 110,255 120,061 128,080 138,400 143,958	13,678 100,221 111,028 120,936 126,766 133,285	8,776 55,147 60,956 69,733 73,442 75,312	5,399 33,065 38,114 45,931 48,682 51,830	203,417 1,227,045 1,365,509 1,500,714 1,622,120 1,728,723
			PER PER	SON EMPLO	OYED. (£.))		
1938–39	::	395 1,292 1,389 1,487 1,620 1,700	327 1,233 1,305 1,385 1,487 1,586	357 1,124 1,197 1,250 1,343 1,414	315 1,172 1,240 1,306 1,378 1,441	378 1,162 1,236 1,392 1,507 1,554	391 1,345 1,497 1,697 1,759 1,846	360 1,240 1,324 1,415 1,525 1,610
			Per Head	OF POPUL	ATION. (£	E.)		
1938-39 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56 1956-57 1957-58	::	33.00 152.70 168.56 182.75 196.99 207.16	35.25 168.53 181.75 191.80 200.00 209.25	19.14 84.78 90.59 94.69 100.26 102.59	22.98 127.50 137.50 144.93 147.17 150.44	18.80 87.44 93.93 104.23 107.29 107.81	22.72 106.85 121.78 143.90 149.27 155.13	29.34 137.86 150.22 161.10 170.12 178.45

(a) See para. 1 of this section, p. 169.

§ 9. Value of Land, Buildings, Plant and Machinery.

1. General.—The following statement shows the value of land and buildings and of plant and machinery used in connexion with manufacturing industries during the year 1957-58:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND, BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1957-58. (£'000.)

Value of—	N.S.W.	Víc.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Land and buildings Plant and machinery	350,169 415,838	280,207 310,879	63,927 104,598	61,084 79,336	36,846 63,840	59,453 46,860	851,686 1,021,351
Total	766,007	591,086	168,525	140,420	100,686	106,313	1,873,037

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented premises and plant.

The values recorded in this section are generally the values apportioned in the books of the individual firms after allowance has been made for depreciation, but they include estimates of the capital value of premises and plant rented. The totals shown in the table consequently do not represent the actual amount of capital invested in the items specified.

2. Value of Land and Buildings.—(i) Total for Australia. The following table shows, for Australia as a whole, the approximate value of land and buildings occupied in connexion with manufacturing industries for 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS(a), AUSTRALIA. (£'000.)

		000.7				
Class of Industry.	1938–39.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957-58.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous	0.550	0.001	0.102	11 000	12.696	12.714
Mine and Quarry Products	2,779	8,091 8,535	9,103 9,849	11,228 11,301	12,686 14,498	13,714 14,986
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc. III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	2,954	8,333	9,049	11,301	14,490	14,980
Paints, Oils, Grease	7,377	36,931	44,658	61,863	67,719	70,090
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	1			[-	1	· ·
Conveyances	34,841	159,325	184,934	218,667	252,837	300,343
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	633	2,523	2,888	3,233	3,525	3,777
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	6,000	25.442	29,651	31,931	37,010	40,199
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing	6,000	25,443	29,031	31,931	37,010	40,199
or Footwear)	2,096	6,072	6,452	6,288	7,074	7,221
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	10,624	28,584	31,163	33,920	37,203	39,855
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	33,273	86,625	94,070	108,335	118,413	129,073
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	4.105	40.00	21 225	22.44	05 247	20.464
Wood Turning and Carving	4,107 2,533	18,297 8,069	21,225 8,981	23,141 9,915	25,347 11,223	28,464 12,992
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc. XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book		8,009	0,501	9,513	11,223	12,392
binding, etc	10,639	30,444	34,156	40,256	44,912	52,854
XIII. Rubber	1,676	6,668	7,430	8,581	9,563	11,688
XIV. Musical Instruments	105	468	528	621	987	636
XV. Miscellaneous Products	1,433	7,570	8,299	9,946	11,491	12,922
Total, Classes I. to XV	121,070	433,645	493,387	579,226	654,488	738,814
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	9,850	49,786	62,609	76,356	107,507	112,872
Grand Total	130,920	483,431	555,996	655,582	761,995	851,686

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

(ii) In Classes of Industry in States, 1957-58. The following table gives particulars of the various classes of industry in each State:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS(a), 1957-58. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro- ducts	5,012	4,365	861	1,337	1,459	680	13,714
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	8,023	3,603	747	1,074	1,255	284	14,986
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	21 170	20.051	1 401	2,896	4,658	1,026	70,090
Paints, Oils, Grease IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	31,178	28,851	1,481	2,890	4,030	1,020	70,090
Conveyances	143,099	95,603	16,462	24,870	11,406	8,903	300,343
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,				200	150	24	2 222
Plate VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1,437	1,721	129	290	176	24	3,777
(not Dress)	12,977	22,475	763	1,769	703	1,512	40,199
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	,	'			205		
ing or Footwear)	2,977	2,806	356	679 1,975	286 1,612	117 574	7,221 39,85
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	16,661 42,173	16,516 43,318	2,517 21,073	10,126	7,619	4,764	129,07
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	42,175	43,310	21,075	10,120	1 1	•	1
Wood Turning and Carving	11,187	7,590	2,844	3,753	1,674	1,416	28,464
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	4.000	4 400	1 563	912	786	281	12,992
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	4,960	4,490	1,563	312	'86	201	12,55
Bookbinding, etc.	21,875	17,362	4,280	2,409	1,505	5,423	52,854
XIII. Rubber	4,437	4,680	1,132	848	389	202	11,68
XIV. Musical Instruments	379	183	16	27	31	103	13 63
XV. Miscellaneous Products	5,960	5,851	275	438	295		12,92
Total, Classes I. to XV	312,335	259,414	54,499		33,854	25,309	738,81- 112,87
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	37,834	20,793	9,428	7,681	2,992	34,144	112,07
Grand Total	350,169	280,207	63,927	61,084	36,846	59,453	851,68

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

(iii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of land and buildings in each State for the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS.(a) (£'000.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39	 57,353	42,026	12,299	8,711	6,814	3,717	130,920
1953-54	 196,724	158,389	40,003	36,579	24,739	26,997	483,431
1954-55	 221,519	186,324	46,187	42,133	30,230	29,603	555,996
1955-56	 260,268	214,921	52,602	48,353	32,859	46,579	655,582
1956-57	 303,981	252,024	58,654	55,343	35,520	56,473	761.995
1957-58	 350,169	280,207	63,927	61,084	36,846	59,453	851,686

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

Prior to 1929-30, the increase in the value of land and buildings was uninterrupted, rising from £23 million in 1903 to £118 million in 1929-30, an increase of £95 million in 27 years. During the three years ended 1932-33, there was a decline of £12 million to £105.8 million, but since that year the value has risen annually and it stood at £851.7 million in 1957-58.

3. Value of Plant and Machinery.—(i) Total for Australia, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58. The following table shows for Australia the approximate value of plant and machinery used in factories:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), AUSTRALIA. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	1938-39.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine and Quarry Products	7,028	17,829	20,625	23,512	27,351	30,623
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	3,145	9,741	11,000	12,319	13,138	13,443
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	,	-	'	1		
Paints, Oils, Grease	6,754	53,528	97,508	125,016	127,732	137,520
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances	33.038	148,178	168,651	202,286	251,161	289,969
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	197	1,002	1,094	1,219	1,374	1,388
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not	17,	1,002	1,054	1,219	1,574	1,500
Dress)	6,658	27,567	29,658	31,155	32,570	36,040
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing		,	1			
or Footwear)	973	4,034	4,153	4,225	4,332	4,240
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	2,557	12,363	13,452	14,340	15,699	15,621
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	32,101	90,624	101,700	115,904	124,406	131,708
Wood Turning and Carving.	3,907	19,002	21,827	23,626	25,045	27,043
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	728	2,870	3,186	3,388	3,632	3,802
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	1	2,0.0	, 5,	2,500	-,	, ,,,,,
Bookbinding, etc	9,188	41,866	46,129	51,405	53,755	59,509
XIII. Rubber	1,368	5,677	6,843	8,971	8,626	10,234
XIV. Musical Instruments	12	458	444	509	682	429
XV. Miscellaneous Products	758	5,968	6,614	7,459	8,515	10,417
Total, Classes I. to XV	108,412	440,707	532,884	625,334	698,018	771,986
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	35,250	140,008	165,408	178,206	225,936	249,365
Grand Total	143,662	580,715	698,292	803,540	923,954	1,021,351

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

Except for the years 1930-31 to 1933-34, when decreases were recorded, there has been a continuous increase in the value of plant and machinery in factories in Australia. The increase in 1957-58 of £97.4 million over 1956-57 extended over all industrial classes except Classes VII., Skins and Leather, etc., VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) and XIV. Musical Instruments. The greatest increase occurred in Class IV., Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances.

(ii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery in each State during the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58. During 1957-58 increases occurred in all States, New South Wales showing the largest increase, £52.5 million.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY.(a) (£'000.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938–39	62,693	38,627	18,095	9,750	8,095	6,402	143,662
	233,022	181,058	64,160	46,788	28,195	27,492	580,715
	258,596	226,347	76,367	52,145	54,958	29,879	698,292
	298,913	258,295	85,777	63,596	56,534	40,425	803,540
	363,310	290,785	89,904	71,847	63,272	44,836	923,954
	415,838	310,879	104,598	79,336	63,840	46,860	1,021,351

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

(iii) Value according to Class of Industry, 1957-58. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery used in factories in each State during 1957-58 according to class of industry:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1957-58. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro- ducts	15,061	6,569	2,667	3,611	1.898	817	30,623
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	7,345	3,005	859	866	1,180	188	13,443
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	7,545	3,003	055)	1,100	100	15,445
Paints, Oils, Grease	54,290	51,435	1.867	6,176	21.325	2,427	137,520
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	,		1	i '	'		,
Conveyances	164,252	69,561	10,996	25,280	9,315	10,565	289,969
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	·						-
Plate	574	588	43	120	55	8	1,388
VI. Textiles_and Textile Goods		1			400		
(not Dress)	10,849	19,420	949	2,122	429	2,271	36,040
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	1 602	1 407	201	513	201	25	4 240
ing or Footwear) VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	1,693 5,759	1,407 6,850	391 1,253	953	566	35 240	4,240 15,621
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	36,150	38,525	37,682	9.038	6.019	4.294	131,708
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	30,130	30,323	37,002	3,030	0,015	4,274	131,700
Wood Turning and Carving	8,652	5,237	5,072	3,347	2,335	2,400	27,043
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding.	0,002	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,0	-,	_,,,,,	2,	2.,012
etc	1,387	1,189	493	404	255	74	3,802
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,		-,					
Bookbinding, etc	19,131	20,925	6,337	2,982	1,705	8,429	59,509
XIII. Rubber	4,065	4,603	743	474	221	128	10,234
XIV. Musical Instruments	309	106	5	6	3	• • • • •	429
XV. Miscellaneous Products	4,507	5,246	161	362	103	38	10,417
Total, Classes I. to XV.	334,024	234,666	69,518	56,254	45,610	31,914	771,986
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	81,814	76,213	35,080	23,082	18,230	14,946	249,365
Grand Total	415,838	310,879	104,598	79,336	63,840	46,860	1,021,35

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

^{4.} Depreciation of Land and Buildings and Plant and Machinery, 1957-58.—The following table shows the allowance made for the depreciation of land and buildings and plant and machinery used in connexion with the manufacturing industries in each State as recorded by factory proprietors at the annual census of factory production:—

FACTORIES: ALLOWANCE FOR DEPRECIATION OF LAND AND BUILDINGS AND PLANT AND MACHINERY, 1957-58.

(£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	1 774	694	360			00	2 527
ducts	1,774	511	369	415	205	80	3,537
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	1,050	211	145	119	137	33	1,995
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	6 241	5040	320	0.50			
Paints, Oils, Grease	5,241	5,040	329	852	2,145	527	14,134
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	15,913	7,213		3 005		030	20.46
Conveyances	13,913	7,213	1,171	3,085	844	920	29,146
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	48	59	3	11	3		125
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	40	39	, ,	"	•	I	125
(not Dress)	1,281	2,580	95	156	ایما	251	4 422
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	1,201	2,360	כע ן	130	59	251	4,422
ing or Footwear)	154	138	35	70	26	2	425
	624	616	118	72		44	1,535
	3,744	4,436	3,398	1,123	61 668	431	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	3,744	4,430	3,390	1,123	000	431	13,800
Wood Turning and Carving	1.013	796	465	277	237	264	3,052
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	1,013	770	463	2//	23/	204	3,032
	152	113	49	42	24	6	386
XII. Paper. Stationery, Printing,	132	113	49	44	24	0	300
	1.925	2,825	630	323	202	821	6,726
Bookbinding, etc	931	913	- 150	111		15	2,157
WINT NO ! I T	43	913		, ,,,	37	15	2,137
V11 14: 11 D 1	627	753	17	37	11	3	
XV. Miscellaneous Products	027	/33	17	37	11	3	1,448
Total, Classes 1. to XV.	34,520	26,696	6,975	6.693	4,659	3,398	82,941
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	6,713	690	1,884	840	1.002	621	11,750
			/				
Grand Total	41,233	27,386	8,859	7,533	5,661	4,019	94,691

5. Land and Buildings, Plant and Machinery—Values, Additions and Replacements, Depreciation, 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58.—The following table summarizes the recorded totals for Australia in this section and also includes particulars of additions and replacements:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY, AUSTRALIA.

(£'000.)

V			lues as at une.(a)		nd Replace- ing year.(a)	Depreciation allowed during year.		
. Year.		Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	
1938–39		130,920	143,662	5,578	17,781	1,911	8,736	
1953-54		483,431	580,715	55,668	128,453	5,673	41,524	
1954-55		555,996	698,292	58,311	170,762	6,568	49,916	
1955-56		655,582	803,540	82,808	156,535	8,030	59,909	
1956-57		761,995	923,954	87,441	195,670	9,196	69,902	
1957-58		851,686	1.021.351	75,762	176,903	10,414	84,277	

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented premises, plant and machinery.

§ 10. Principal Factory Products.

The factory production of certain commodities is shown in the monthly and quarterly publications of this Bureau and in the bulletin Secondary Industries.

The following table shows the total recorded production of some of the principal articles manufactured in Australia during the years ended 30th June, 1956 to 1958. A more complete list, together with values, where available, is published in the bulletin Secondary Industries.

QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

	Artic	ele.			Unit of Quantity.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Acid— Nitric					Ton	14,216	15,520	14,837
Sulphuric	• •	••	••	-::		896,472	878,763	991,624
Aerated and C	arbonate	d Water	••	::	'000' gals.	60,891	61,242	69,165
Asbestos Ceme			s	- ::	'000 sq. yds.	26,679	25,444	26,026
Bacon and Ha	m				'000 lb.	75,641	71,156	71,671
Bags, Leather, Handbags-		:c.—						
Leather					No.	848,144	748,571	915,636 1,011,201
Plastic					,,	800,217	922,068	1,011,201
Other		• •			,,	122,228	103,308	103,336
School Bags		• •	• •	• •	**	101,505	98,358	80,961
Suitcases (a)	• •	• •	• •	• •	**	1,315,656	1,203,479	1,231,218
Trunks	·•	• •	• •	• •	"	1,204 292,042	1,256 321,685	1,288 522,961
All other (b		• •	• •	• •	ı i .	617,101	650,272	585,096
Baking Powde Bath Heaters-	i.	• •	••	••	10.	017,101	030,272	202,030
Electric	_				No.	17,076	14,698	12,415
Gas	••	• •	• •	• •		27,560	25.243	26,234
Solid Fuel	••		• •	• • •	,,	27,560 40,532	33,691	31,581
Bathing Suits	::	::	::	::	Doz.	228,089	33,691 165,758	180,941
Baths, C.I.P.E	l			• • •	No.	104,998	88,959	88,206
BatteriesWe	t Cell Ty	pe—			1	l	(
Auto (S.L.I.	.)— 6 Vc	lts			No.	1		635,922
	12 Vo	lts			l ",	Η		618,889
Radio, etc.					No. of 2 Volt		collected	J 236,501
					Cells	in this	dissection]
Traction	• •	• •	• •	• •	**		,	32,591
Other	• :	<u></u>	• •	• •	'000' gals.	J 200 406	000 500	15,583
Beer (excludin	-	-	• •	• •	1000 gais.	227,496	220,728	226,449
Biscuits	• •	• •	• •	• •	'000 lb.	158,554	162,536	165,529
Blankets Boots, Shoes a	01:	(mat 1	اسمطناه		'000	1,657	1,678	1,855
Boots and S			_		'000 pairs	18,006	19,007	19,062
Sandals	nio.	••	• •	• • •	-	1,809	1,932	2,334
Slippers	••	::	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	::	,,,	7,977	8,214	9,153
Bran (Wheate	n)		• • •		Ton (2,000 lb.)	277,638	281,915	232,578
Brassieres	•••	• •	• •		Doz.	421,142	423,441	477,600
Bricks, Clay					'000	840,343	805,069	877,905
Brooms					Gross	19,862	21,003	21,413
Brushes (c)					,,	87,594	78,753	99,565
Butter	• •	••	••	• •	Ton	205,791	189,841	172,918
Candles					Cwt.	10,011	10,354	7,444
Cardigans, Sw	 vestero e	to	• •	•••	Doz.	1 051 285	1,148,779	1,256,668
Cement, Porti			••	• •	Ton	1,051,285 2,034,554	2,172,518	2,291,043
Cheese		••	::	::	101	38,681	45,171	35,895
Cigarettes				::	'000' гь.	27,162	30,513	32,748
Cleansing and	l Scourin	g Powde:	·s		111111		,	1.
Soap based	(Incl. Sa	nd Soap			Cwt.	82,682	78,168	72,586
Other					,,	72,230	101,184	127,127
Cloth—					1			1
Cotton		.:	• •	• •	'000 sq. yds.	40,151	46,564	44,261
Woollen an	d Worste	:d (d)	. ••	• •	,,,	30,279	32,782	32,119
Coke	-1				_	0.050.405	0.004.450	0.005.005
34-4-11	भ्रा	••	••	• •	Ton	2,058,426	2,234,458	2,295,737
Metaliurgic		••	• •	• •	,,	1,031,135	954,756	821,615
Other					'000 lb.	62 405	68,810	62 70.6
Other Confectionery						62,405	U18.80 I	63,796
Other Confectioners Chocolate	/ :	••	••	• •				
Other Confectioners Chocolate Other		::	::	::	,,	83,069	87,395	88,881
Other Confectioners Chocolate Other Coppers—		••	••	••	,,	83,069	87,395	88,881
Other Confectioners Chocolate Other Coppers— Electric		••			,, No.	83,069 27,075	87,395 21,890	88,881 20,943
Other Confectionery Chocolate Other Coppers— Electric Gas			::		" No.	83,069 27,075 27,480	87,395 21,890 24,170	88,881 20,943 22,072
Other Confectioners Chocolate Other Coppers— Electric	··· ··· types)	••			,, No.	83,069 27,075	87,395 21,890	88,881 20,943

⁽a) Includes kitbags. metal and bristle brushes.

⁽b) Excludes canvas waterbags.(d) Includes mixtures.

⁽c) Excludes tooth and industrial

QUANTITY OF APRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

Article.		Unit of Quantity.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Cosmetic Creams and Lotions— Face Creams Hand Creams and Lotions Other Skin Creams and Lotions Custard Powder Cycles, Assembled	::	Cwt. "000" Ib. No.	4,706 7,141 6,066 5,942 89,033	4,488 8,939 6,865 5,647 74,734	4,438 8,473 6,817 5,395 77,040
Dynamos— Alternators Generators	••	No.	289 6,394	389 6,585	443 5,704
Electricity		Mill. kWh	16,675	18,289	19,796
Engines— Diesel, other than Marine Petrol—	••	No.	2,757	2,642	2,556
Marine Other (a) Essences, Flavouring—	::	,,	1,246 100,585	1,780 180,509	3,130 186,325
Culinary Industrial	::	Gal.	118,642 319,591	120,714 345,999	128,264 329,935
Face Powder Fans, Electric Fats, Edible—	::	Cwt. No.	2,694 127,659	2,721 139,819	2,653 75,193
Dripping Other Fibrous Plaster Sheets	::	Cwt.	383,385 369,712 18,125	440,292 392,169 16,257	373,866 441,038 17,439
Fish, Tinned (including Fish Loaf) Floorboards— Australian Timber	••	'000 lb.	118,502	16,257 8,268 124,656	7,856 127,751
Imported Timber Flour, Self-raising Flour, Wheaten (b) Fruit Juices—Natural	••	Cwt. Ton (2,000 lb.) '000 gals.	2,973 1,090,005 1,571,305 3,016	2,657 1,084,974 1,622,343 3,298	3,441 1,067,819 1,375,719 3,670
Gas Gloves—		Mill. cubic ft.	44,578	46,653	47,655
Dress— Leather Other Work, all types Golf Clubs		Doz. pairs.	4,115 52,035 293,874 12,781	4,111 70,654 276,707 12,443	3,020 77,104 290,384 13,365
Handkerchiefs— Men's Women's Hats and Caps (excluding Berets) Hose, Rubber—Garden Other	·· ·· ··	,000 lin. ft.	1,181,261 1,264,711 460,464 3,131 9,449	1,118,023 1,489,780 478,804 3,755 9,654	1,204,828 1,569,810 515,444 2,736 10,007
Plastic—Garden		Ton '000 gals.	25,475 601,027 16,018	27,585 485,511 15,647	32,565 462,569 16,519
Iron and Steel— Pig Iron	::	'000 tons. ",'	1,911 2,320 2,111 327,536	2,098 2,774 2,288 354,099	2,284 3,038 2,492 320,013
Jams Jelly Crystals		'000 1ь.	84,096 12,793	92,208 12,332	107,773 13,887
Lacquer, Clear and Colours	::	Gal. Cwt.	1,498,695 42,446	1,451,292 42,762	1,559,372 51,795
Lawn Mowers— Electric Petrol Hand	 	No. ,,	18,861 77,929 106,712	1,494 161,256 48,713	2,781 147,253 31,300
Leather— Dressed from Hides—Sold by Meas Sold by Weigl	urement	'000 sq. ft. '000 lb.	55,125 132	56,611 162	60,379 185
Dressed from Skins Harness, Skirt, Belting, etc Sole		'000 sq. ft. '000 lb.	23,442 34,914	21,448 2,553 30,583	21,831 2,205 29,085
Upholstery	• •	'000 'sq.ft.	3,389	1,434	900

⁽a) Excludes motor car, motor cycle, tractor and aero engines. baking and sharps.

⁽b) Includes wheatmeal for

QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

Article.		Unit of Quantity.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
	::	Ton	123,338 54,172 117,578	120,298 52,843 109,667	125,290 53,025 116,019
inseed Oil-extracted from Local Crushin	ng	'000' gals.	1,448	1,645 2,326	889
from treatment of Unrefine	ed	tons	2,631 52,268	2,326 49,755	2,635 66,669
		'000 bus.	7,782	7,895	8,197
Margarine		'000 lb.	26,552	38,632	36,033
Other			43,443	38,632 44,576 298,212	47,017
	••	No.	311,518 501 106	298,212 507.844	330,538
		"	501,106 362,937 157,969	507,844 337,017 154,731	568,900 297,778
	• •	'00ố lb.	157,969	154,731	187,268
Concentrated (Whole)	• •	,,	31,038 99,368	33,924 111,329	27,863 105,594
		,,	67,361	70,405	71,792
Mops, Floor	• •	Gross	13.768	11 929	12,558
Motor Bodies made	••	No.	129,700	120,781	160,675
		'000 gals.	94,676 617,356	120,781 77,548 833,927	81,630 945,72
		No.	1,116,840	954,318	1,127,482
		Ton	25,058	26,340	24,191
	••	Doz.	516,835	532,868	489,213
	••	Ton	79,015	79,600	81,08
Oatmeal (including Rolled Oats)		Cwt.	365,980	402,782	430,822
Paint—Oil (including Enamels) Water (including Kalsomine)	::	'000 gals. '000 lb.	10,679 26,306	10,873 25,920	(b) 3,91
Peanut Butter and Paste		_ 2*	4,736	4,346	5,43.
Perambulators Pickles	••]	No.	160,374	149,596	156,65
	::	'000 pints Gal.	5,711 (c)	6,469 (c)	5,50 27,11
Zinc Oxide		Cwt.	165,300	162,953	158,26
White Lead		,,	369,613	398,592	376,58
Other, including Dry Colours	l	'000 sq. ft.	200,699	194,365	1
Plywood, & inch basis Pollard	::	Ton (2,000 lb.)	332,564	351,549	212,87 290,16
Preserves	•	1011 (2,000 10.)		·	2,0,10
Fruit Preserved (d)		'000 lb.	304,299	289,510	349,41
Vegetables Preserved		,,	77,822	98,418	87,04
Pyjamas— Men's and Boys' (Suits only) Women's and Girls' (inc. Nightdresses)		Doz.	279,734 359,780	283,055 399,995	328,01 460,44
		**			1
Racquet Frames (all types) Refrigerators—Commercial	::	Νο.	16,651 1,756	16,147 1,025	17,61 81
Domestic			247,360	195,517	195,92
Rice (Cleaned)	••	Cwt.	1,166,027	897,030	1,117,78
Ropes and Cables (excluding Wire) Rugs	::	'o'o	128,873 142	131,746 163	130,41
g		2000	20.668	22.404	20.22
Sauce	::	'000 pints Cwt,	28,668 80,769	33,494 95,218	29,32 78,37
Semolina	::		129,536	140,536	130,17
Shirts (Men's and Boys')		Doz.	129,536 1,309,501	1,425,312	1,530,31
Sink Heaters	••	No.	24,842	23,635	19,35
Soap and Detergents— Soap—Personal Toilet		Cwt.	327,949	320,846	372,68
Household Industrial (Incl. Wool Scouring)	6	,,	197 500	716,568	766,13
Extracts and Powders—Househo	old	"	744,109 197,590 822,988 87,455	194,476 791,267	172,98 787,96
Industri	al	"	87,455	75,694	87,99
Detergents—Personal Toilet		"	6,000	8,763	9,10
Household Industrial	••	**	91,901	114,510	146,84
Extracts and Powders—		**	22,499	34,460	35,79
Household		,,	34,698	78,089	183,21

⁽a) Includes malted milk and infants' and invalids' foods. (b) Water paint in powder form only, including Kalsomine. Excludes production of emulsion types which was 1,801,000 gallons. (c) Not recorded. (d) Includes canned apple, all types. (e) Includes industrial flakes and chips.

QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

		A	JST	RALIA—contir	iued.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Art	icle.			Unit of Quantity.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Socks and Stockings— Men's and Youths' Women's and Maid Infants' and Babywe	·			'000 Doz. pairs	1,396 2,304	1,454	1,472 2,218
Women's and Maid	g' 		خنده	,,	1,227	2,570 1,191	1,125
Infants' and Babywe Soup—Tinned			ietsj	2000"-1-1-	35,316	44,538	27,346
Dry-Mix	• •	• •	• • •	'000 pints '000 lb.	3,771	4,532	3,606
Spades and Shovels		• •		Doz.	33,874	33,255	23,796
Starch-Edible				Cwt.	391,766	33,255 468,308	443,894
Inedible				,,	391,766 96,929	124,895	140,891
Steel, Structural, Fabr Stoves, Ovens and Ra Domestic Cooking-	ricated nges—	• •	••	Ton	217,124	240,491	226,653
Electric (a)				No.	92,258	99 525	92 413
Gas		• •		,,,	58,080	99,525 54,966	92,413 56,300
Solid Fuel					58,080 47,300	46,005	43,229
Sugar-Raw (94 net ti	itre)	• •		Ton	1,171,713	1,207,797	1,293,125
Refined	• •	• •	• •	,,	482,660	480,393	493,093
Sulphate of Ammonia		• •	• •	,,	75,321	110,898	118,732
Superphosphate	• •	• •	• • •	"	2,125,803	1,975,015	2,219,592
Talcum Powder Tallow—	'	••		Cwt.	35,824	35,084	36,708
Edible				,,	533,128	584,242	620,290
Inedible	• •	• •	• •	l .,	1,465,502	1,655,807	1,735,372
Television Sets (b)	• •	• •	• •	No.	2,636	121,232	282,430
Tiles, Roofing— Cement				'000	53,782	44,595	49,468
Terracotta		• •		1	64,746	57,673	58,935
Timber—	• •	••	••	,,,	01,710	37,073	50,755
From Native Logs-	-				}		
Hardwood	• •			'000 super. ft.	1,180,936 268,785	1,151,429	1,127,150
Softwood	• •	• •		,,,	268,785	267,431	264,027
From Imported Log	ζS—-			1			
Hardwood	• •	• •	• •	,,	27,894	26,853	28,634
Softwood Toasters, Electric (Do	mestic)	• • •		No.	173,549	174,531	167,984
Tobacco		::		'000 іь.	18 836	18,917	18 192
Tomato Juice				Gal.	18,836 1,208,758 767,751	1,508,439	18,192 1,407,645
Towels				Doz.	767,751	740,344	807,227
Transformers, Chokes	and Bal	lasts			_		
For distribution of	Power ar	d Light,	etc.	Number	}	[]	51,333
For Fluorescent Lig	nts and .	Neon Sigr	15	,,	Not collec		1,306,566
For Radio Receiver For Television Rece	ivers	a i iayeis,	Cic.	,,		ction	250,052 241,900
For Welders		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	,,	1 41330		2,761
For other purposes				í]]	U	50.918
Twine (all types)				Cwt.	133,694	131,424	121,405
Tyres, Pneumatic-				1			
Motor Car and Mot Truck and Omnibus	tor Cycle	• • •	• •	No.	2,907,492	2,711,087 536,384 190,577	3,003,646 502,725 295,189
All Other (excl. Bicy	rcle)	• •	• •	,,	544,807 184,273	330,384	302,723
All Other (excl. Bic)	(CIC)	• •	• •	,,	104,273	190,377	293,109
Umbrellas					570,156	622,554	470,953
Underwear				'000'doz.	4,460	4,687	4,740
Vacuum Cleaners (Do	mestic)			No.	· ·		81,257
	-	••	••		55,674	83,910	•
Washing Machines, H	ousehold	l, Electric	• •	No.	165,558	144,422	164,100
Weatherboards— Australian Timber				'000 super. ft.	22.010	22.027	24,992
Imported Timber	• • •	• •	• •	ooo super. it.	23,910 2,150	22,937 1,759	4,083
Wheatmeal (c)	••	••		Ton (2,000 lb.)	110,635	123,854	123,050
Wheelbarrows (Metal)				No.	73,031	66,999	63,403
Wireless and Television	n Cabine	ts		No.	383,139	429,647	557,842
Wireless Receiving Se	ts (incl.	Radiogra	ams)	,,	458,012	366,282	380,753
Wool Scoured—				2000 15	20.024	42.622	17 662
For Sale		• •	• •	'000 lb.	38,921	43,632	47,663 36,866
For use in own work On Commission	KS	• •	• •	"	40,875 65,025	47,625 74,506	36,866 69,433
Wool Tops	• •	• •		",	35,640	42,661	39,253
	••	••	• •	. "	33,040	.2,001	,
Yarn (d)							
Cotton				,,	40,543 20,033	41,981	44,645
Woollen		• •	• •	,,	20,033	22,884	24,152
Worsted		• •	••	j "	23,180	24,818	21,455
Zinc Oxide (See Pigme	entel						
with Oxide (See Figme							

⁽a) Includes stovettes, cookers, etc. (b) Production commenced late in 1955-56. Number produced in 1958-59 was 318,899. (c) Excludes wheatmeal for baking included with flour. (d) Including mixtures predominantly of the fibre mentioned.

§ 11. Individual Industries.

1. General.—Particulars on pages 154-181, §§ 2-9 afford a general view of the magnitude of industries in the sixteen groups adopted by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. While it is not possible, within the limits of this work, to give a detailed account of each industry, particular industries dealt with hereunder are of special importance because of the employment which they provide for labour and capital or for other features of special interest. Where there are only one or two establishments in a particular industry in the State or the Commonwealth, details of activities are not published, but are combined with some other factory group so that operations of individual concerns will not be disclosed.

The statistics in the following tables should be read in the light of the following definitions.

Factory. A factory is taken to be a manufacturing establishment in which four or more persons are employed or in which power, other than manual, is used.

Average Number of Persons Employed. All persons employed in the manufacturing activities of a factory are counted as factory employees, including working proprietors and "out-workers". The average number of persons employed means, in general, the average number over the whole year and not the average over the period worked.

Value of Materials Used. This item includes the value, in the usual sense, of the materials used, stores used, containers, tools replaced, and materials used in repairs to plant.

Value of Fuel, etc., Used. This item includes also the cost of power and light used, of lubricants and of water.

Value of Output. The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value, at the factory, of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products, also the value of other work done.

Value of Production. The value of production is obtained by deducting "Value of materials used" and "Value of fuel used", as defined above, from the "Value of output".

Rated Horse-power of Engines Used. Statistics of power used in factories other than Central Electric Stations relate to the "rated horse-power" of engines ordinarily in use.

For more detailed definitions see § 1, para. 6 of this chapter, page 150.

Details of some of the principal articles produced in factories in Australia during the years 1955-56 to 1957-58 are shown in the table on the preceding pages (§ 10).

2. Portland Cement and Cement Goods.—The manufacture of portland cement and cement goods is an important industry included in Class I. Particulars for the three industries under this general heading are shown for 1957-58 and for a series of years in the following table:—

PORTLAND CEMENT, ASBESTOS CEMENT SHEETS, ETC., AND OTHER CEMENT GOODS.

Australia, 1957-58.

Items.		Portland Cement.	Asbestos Cement Sheets and Mouldings.	Other Cement Goods.	Total.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	14 3,119 3,210 4,601 6,882 8,804 20,287 3,378 14,150 79,000	13 2,403 2,488 287 5,352 4,363 10,002 1,191 1,776 11,041	454 5,472 5,166 236 13,345 9,954 23,535 2,838 3,897 16,864	481 10,994 10,864 5,124 25,579 23,121 53,824 7,407 19,823 106,905

PORTLAND CEMENT, ASBESTOS CEMENT SHEETS, ETC., AND OTHER CEMENT GOODS—continued.

Australia.

Items.	1938-39.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956-57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	132 3,932 897 562 1,542 2,385 4,489 1,350 2,516 39,617	479 9,304 7,435 3,950 16,013 14,198 34,161 4,206 10,796 89,260	480 10,444 8,704 4,445 19,418 17,009 40,872 4,726 13,208 95,870	489 11,167 10,044 4,792 21,999 19,460 46,251 6,128 15,542 108,715	479 10,688 10,312 5,119 23,226 21,228 49,573 6,994 18,454	481 10,994 10,864 5,124 25,579 23,121 53,824 7,407 19,823

3. Chemicals, Drugs and Medicines.—In 1945-46, the classification of factories was amended to provide for the separate tabulation of factories engaged in the production of Industrial and Heavy Chemicals and Acids and those engaged in producing Pharmaceutical and Toilet Preparations, which previously had been combined. Details for each of these industries are given in the next two tables for 1957-58 with comparable figures for previous years. However, it should be noted that, in order to avoid the publication of confidential information, particulars relating to Industrial and Heavy Chemicals include details for the Explosives industry.

INDUSTRIAL AND HEAVY CHEMICALS AND ACIDS (INCLUDING EXPLOSIVES). 1957–58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £,000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machi-	149 6,905 7,690 2,382 24,180 19,377 45,939 9,968	86 6,640 6,724 1,065 16,853 12,661 30,579 9,675	19 305 277 80 579 683 1,342 236	14 914 909 569 1,320 2,639 4,528 839	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	281 15,085 15,875 4,208 43,497 35,930 83,635 21,055
nery £'000	19,389	13,992	218	1,808	(a)	(a)	36,157
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	57,714	53,385	1,838	5,321	(a)	(a)	121,393

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Australia.

Items.		1945-46.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	165 10,228 3,450 618 6,007 6,627 13,252 11,697 10,964 69,399	234 11,765 9,907 2,757 25,158 20,643 48,558 13,389 23,573	248 13,032 11,833 3,043 29,004 25,095 57,142 14,190 25,607 95,188	258 14,107 13,574 3,462 33,506 29,895 66,863 15,987 27,125	270 14,509 14,684 3,845 38,335 34,513 76,693 17,831 29,190	281 15,085 15,875 4,208 43,497 35,930 83,635 21,055 36,157 121,393

PHARMACEUTICAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	129	59	6	13	4	1	212
Number of persons employed	3,498	2,655	114	489	(a)	(a)	6,834
Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc.,	2,692	2,376	67	347	(a) (a)	(a)	5,531
000°3	107	241	1	33	(a)	(a)	386
Value of materials used £'000	9,521	6,499	280	1,805	(a)	(a)	18,226
Value of production £'000	14,721	5,945	143	893	(a)	(a)	21.856
Total value of output £'000	24,349	12,685	424	2,731		(a)	40,468
Value of land and buildings £'000	3,984	5,224	62	295	(a) (a)	(a)	9,677
Value of plant and machi-	1						
nery £'000	1,369	1,706	20	138	(a)	(a)	3,262
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	,				''		
in use h.p.	4,514	8,738	83	1,489	(a)	(a)	14,962

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Australia.

Items.		1945–46.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used	. £'000 . £'000 . £'000 . £'000	215 5,514 1,699 57 5,402 4,790 10,249 1,534	208 6,012 3,898 238 12,017 12,969 25,224 4,755	210 6,233 4,255 223 12,729 14,380 27,332 6,022	206 6,400 4,635 259 13,565 15,279 29,103 6,830	206 6,446 5,020 312 15,292 17,312 32,916 7,828	212 6,834 5,531 386 18,226 21,856 40,468 9,677
Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinaril	. £'000	1,534 598	1,793	2,129	2,686	2,746	3,262
in use	` h n	6,324	12,777	13,592	14,301	16,666	14,962

4. White Lead, Paints and Varnish.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

WHITE LEAD, PAINTS AND VARNISH.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	85	52	18	15	11	3	184
Number of persons employed	3,029	1,724	327	539	(a)	(a)	5,749
Salaries and wages paid £'000	3,042	1,710	264	480	(a)	(a)	5,608
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	297	100	16	26	(a)	(a)	445
Value of materials used £'000	12,682	7,197	1,610	2,412	(a)	(a)	24,619
Value of production £'000	7,171	3,282	1,186	1,826	(a)	(a)	13,853
Total value of output £'000	20,150	10,579	2,812	4,264	(a)	(a)	38,917
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,610	2,476	332	685	(a)	(a)	6,397
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,392	1,934	147	439	(a)	(a)	3,986
Horse-power of engines ordinarily			1	I	'		1
in use h.p.	13,368	7,643	1,510	2,081	(a)	(a)	25,443

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Australia.

Items.	1938–39.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957-58.
Number of factories	102	174	175	178	186	184
Number of persons employed	2,271	4,934	5,322	5,804	5,815	5,749
Salaries and wages paid £'000	535	3.757	4.636	5.300	5,508	5,608
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	45	337	376	384	400	445
Value of materials used £'000		18,603	21.553	23,504	23,916	24.619
Value of production £'000	1.585	9,891	11,980	12,874	13.567	13.853
Total value of output £'000	3,905	28.831	33,909	36,762	37,883	38,917
Value of land and buildings £'000		4.066	5,089	5,563	6,680	6,397
Value of plant and machinery £'000	324	2.230	2,892	3,261	3,408	3,986
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		,	_,	,		-,
use h.p.	7,696	22,719	24,178	25,050	26,969	25,443

5. Soap and Candle Factories.—The following table shows particulars of factories in the Soap and Candle industry in each State for 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

SOAP AND CANDLES.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed	45 1,791	25 762	9 256	6 83	(a) 3	(a) 2	90 2.983
Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	1,669 197	822 205	202 21	66	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	2,830 441
Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000	7,776 6,997	5,330 2,908	785 445	214	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	14,446 10,525
Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000	14,970 745	8,443 823	1,251 157	301 78	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	25,412 1,871
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1,160	1,488	190	58	(a)	(a)	2,973
in use h.p.	5,568	3,806	981	615	(a)	(a)	11,296

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956-57.	1957-58.
Number of factories	65	89	91	92	87	90
Number of persons employed	2,620	3,058	2,962	3,167	2.932	2,983
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	501	2,544	2,589	2,858	2,704	2,830
Value of power, fuel, etc. used £'000	76	427	420	406	393	441
Value of materials used £'000	1,568	10,214	11,941	12,057	12,437	14,446
Value of production £'000	1,886	6,732	7,425	8,147	9,150	10,525
Total value of output £'000	3,530	17,373	19,786	20,610	21,980	25,412
Value of land and buildings £'000	666	1,565	1,619	1,743	1.784	1,871
Value of plant and machinery £'000	577	2,244	2,653	3,001	3,150	2,973
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	3	-,	2,000	3,001	3,150	1 -,,,,,
use h.p.	5,267	8,795	8,676	10,711	10,922	11,296
Materials used—	3,20,	0,775	0,010	10,711	10,522	11,270
Tallowcwt.	535,511	1,120,828	1,151,146	1,162,578	1,152,865	1,219,538
Alkali for Coon (a)	194,869	377,451	421,401	390,757	366,796	386,712
Coconut oil—refined and unrefined	154,005	377,431	421,401	390,737	300,790	300,712
	138,954	86,576	93,498	83,346	80,395	94,952
Cwt.	130,934	00,570	23,470	63,340	60,393	94,932
Articles produced—	000 707		1. 262 226	1 200 040		1. 211 706
Soap (excl. Sand Soap)	908,797	1,225,183	1,203,220	1,269,648	1,231,890	1,311,796
Cleansers and Scourers (inc. Sand	100 500		445.050	405046	70.404	
Soap) cwt.	123,702	121,232	115,350	105,046	78,186	72,586
Soap Extracts and Powders ,,	191,232		1,007,494	910,443	866,961	875,959
Candles made ,,	28,649	8,611	10,369	10,011	10,354	7,444

⁽a) Includes Soda Ash.

Note.—Preliminary figures of production in 1958-59 were Soap, 1,243,000 cwt.; Cleansers and Scourers, 63,000 cwt.; and Soap Extracts and Powders, 802,000 cwt.

6. Chemical Fertilizers.—The following table shows particulars of the factories engaged in the manufacture of chemical fertilizers in each State during 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years. Details of the consumption, imports and exports of fertilizers will be found in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.

CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used£'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000	12 816 842 229 3,836 1,942	8 1,610 1,739 284 8,470 3,856	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	8 895 937 81 6,048 1,870	1,004 1,008 165 6,413 2,211	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	5,050 5,309 950 28,862 12,175
Value of poutput £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	6,007 3,078 2,546	12,610 9,450 1,387	(a) (a) (a) (a)	7,999 729 3,371 9,846	8,789 1,876 1,883 8,050	(a) (a) (a) (a)	41,987 7,583 10,835 58,212

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS-continued.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.	1956-57.	1957-58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings £'000	36 2,540 601 114 3,231 1,600 4,945 1,449	51 4,531 3,988 842 20,521 8,109 29,472 6,067	53 4,735 4,372 852 21,519 8,794 31,165 6,512	54 4,911 4,809 939 24,098 10,267 35,304 7,033	52 5,074 5,069 1,160 25,479 10,158 36,797 7,341	5,050 5,309 5,309 950 28,862 12,175 41,987 7,583
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	2,353	8,067	9,270	11,645	11,404	10,835
use h.p.	18,165	41,644	47,595	58,044	59,457	58,212

- 7. Iron and Steel Works and Engineering.—(i) General. In 1945-46, the classification of factories was amended to provide for the tabulation in four separate groups of those industries previously included under Iron and Steel, and Engineering. The first group (Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel) covers blast furnaces, steel works and rolling mills. The second group, Foundries (Ferrous), covers those engaged in the founding of iron and steel. The third group (Plant, Equipment and Machinery including Machine Tools) covers those industries engaged in the production of boilers, engines, machines and machinery, machine tools, structural steel fabrications, steel furniture, etc. The fourth group (Other Engineering) includes jobbing and general engineers, not elsewhere included. Detailed statistics for the four groups mentioned are shown in the following tables.
- (ii) Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel. In the following table, particulars are shown for each State for 1957-58 and for Australia in selected years for the group Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel:—

SMELTING, CONVERTING, REFINING AND ROLLING OF IRON AND STEEL. 1957–58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	17	11		- 5	2		35
Number of persons employed	26,622	1,345	l I	(a)	(a)		28,526
Salaries and wages paid £'000	29,513	1,396	ا ۰۰ ا	(a)	(a)		31,469
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	19,423	313		(a)	(a)		22,150
Value of materials used £'000	134,882	1,189		(a)	(a)		137,674
Value of production £'000	66,289	1,859	'	(a)	(a)		70,379
Total value of output £'000	220,594	3,361		(a)	(a)		230,203
Value of land and buildings £'000	9,341	280		(a)	(a)		9,953
Value of plant and machinery £'000	67,454	374	'	(a)	(a)		71,048
Horse-power of engines ordinarily			l				,
in use h.p.	511,733	8,259	۱	(a)	(a)		536,530

Australia.

Items.			1945–46.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957-58.
Number of factories			27	33	33	(b) 28	34	35
Number of persons employed	٠.		10,413	16,688	17,842	20,805	26,078	28,526
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	4,164	15,609	18,238	22,037	28,636	31,469
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	2,777	15,430	15,670	17,864	20,538	22,150
Value of materials used		£'000	19,134	88,802	94,928	101,416	136,483	137,674
Value of production		£'000	7,393	27,995	34,381	44,269	66,385	70,379
Total value of output		£,000	29,304	132,227	144,979	163,549	223,406	230,203
Value of land and buildings		£'000	2,197	6,508	6,615	6,457	9,054	9,953
Value of plant and machinery	٠.	£'000	5,669	24,279	26,394	29,154	61,608	71,048
Horse-power of engines ordinari	ly in	use h.p.	198,317	287,618	339,135	363,751	448,541	536,530

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) The reduction in the number of establishments is due to combined returns being furnished where formerly separate returns were submitted for Blast Furnaces, Steel Furnaces and Rolling Mills operated by the one establishment.

Particulars of the production of pig-iron and steel will be found on page 183 and in Chapter XXVII.—Mineral Industry.

(iii) Foundries (Ferrous). Particulars covering those industries classified as founding of iron and steel are shown for each State for 1957-58 and for Australia in selected years in the following table:—

FOUNDRIES-FERROUS.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	85	224	23	23	18		373
Number of persons employed	2,855	3.073	840	503	530		7.801
Salaries and wages paid £'000	2,799	3,047	790	465	447		7,801 7,548
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	352	393	55	77	120		997
Value of materials used . £'000	2,100	3,091	701	390	382		6,664
Value of production £'000	4,002	4,530	1,271	688	746		11,237
Total value of output £'000	6,454	8.014	2,027	1,155	1,248		18,898
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,359	2.030	517	186	152		4,244
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1.007	1,715	534	164	195		3,615
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	'	.,					,,,,,,
in use h.p.	11,170	13,151	3,450	2,380	2,891		33,042

AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1945-46.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings		£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	312 5,344 1,612 161 1,210 2,341 3,712 988 619	357 6,611 5,129 702 4,057 7,469 12,228 2,299	368 7,099 6,116 796 4,881 8,983 14,660 2,623	373 7,434 6,706 918 5,396 9,652 15,966 3,564	368 7,633 7,060 975 6,221 10,235 17,431 3,899	373 7,801 7,548 997 6,664 11,237 18,898 4,244
Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in		13,381	2,123 25,415	2,342 26,451	3,234 30,738	3,545 32,835	3,615 33,042

(iv) Plant, Equipment and Machinery (including Machine Tools). The next table shows particulars for this group for each State during 1957-58 and for Australia in selected years:—

PLANT, EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY (INCLUDING MACHINE TOOLS). 1957–58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed	1,097 27,273	686 24,451	155 6.482	192 7,928	101 3,171	9 235	2,240 69,540
Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	27,381 1,094	24,036 1,054	5,343 242	7,317	2,692 130	231	67,000 2,964
Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000	50,364 46,033	40,266 40,139	7,308 8,353	12,479 11,556	3,954 4,000	345 284	114,716 110,365
Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000	97,491 18,834	81,459 17,698	15,903 2,400	24,474 4,151	8,084 2,243	634 266	228,045 45,592
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	12,535 93,748	12,779 82,291	1,946 18,806	3,714	1,630	201 647	32,805 236,230

Australia.

Items.		1945-46.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	1,038 46,123 14,259 605 16,455 21,044 38,104 7,227 7,046 101,810	1,911 60,840 47,620 2,219 68,288 75,997 146,504 25,259 21,335 198,300	1,980 64,588 54,561 2,378 80,462 87,040 169,880 28,687 23,548 201,626	2,062 68,699 61,872 2,570 93,510 98,574 194,654 34,019 26,261 217,880	39,692 29,112	2,240 69,540 67,000 2,964 114,716 110,365 228,045 45,592 32,805 236,230

(v) Other Engineering. Details covering jobbing and general engineering works not elsewhere included are shown for each State for 1957-58 and for Australia in selected years in the following table:—

OTHER ENGINEERING.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	795	830	164	184	151	99	2,223
Number of persons employed	6,805	8,607	1,736	3,698	905	1,619	23,370
Salaries and wages paid. £'000	6.089	7,911	1,357	3,318	668	1,425	20,768
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	214	254	40	102	36	53	699
Value of materials used . £'000	6.848	8,697	1,781	4.002	820	1,632	23,780
Value of production £'000	10,430	13,698	2,190	4,635	1,130	2,191	34,274
Total value of output £'000	17,492	22,649	4,011	8,739	1,986	3,876	58,753
Value of land and buildings £'000	4,989	5.865	844	2,283	568	936	15,485
Value of plant and machinery £'000	3,083	4,617	655	1,479	315	597	10,746
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	,	,		,			,
in use h.p.	20,373	28,144	4,855	13,482	3,692	5,954	76,500

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1945–46.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Value of plant and machinery Value of plant see h.p.	963	2,041	2,128	2,220	2,166	2,223
	13,112	20,981	22,540	24,445	23,148	23,370
	3,634	15,100	17,491	20,477	20,037	20,768
	162	530	599	698	674	699
	3,599	16,427	20,834	24,534	22,320	23,780
	5,432	23,755	28,025	32,949	31,568	34,274
	9,193	40,712	49,458	58,181	54,562	58,753
	2,369	9,900	11,289	13,205	13,801	15,485
	2,091	7,044	8,070	9,363	9,440	10,746
	26,095	62,774	66,406	78,246	72,2254	76,500

8. Extracting and Refining of Non-ferrous Metals; Alloys.—The following table shows particulars of establishments engaged in metal extraction and ore reduction including secondary recovery of metals, but excluding blast furnaces engaged in production of pig iron from iron ore, for each State during 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years. It should be noted that as Ore Beneficiation and Concentration, formerly included as part of this section of Manufacturing Industry, was transferred to the Mining Industry in 1952-53 details for 1938-39 are not comparable with those for later years.

EXTRACTING AND REFINING OF NON-FERROUS METALS: ALLOYS. 1957–58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	28	24	5	2	1	3	63
Number of persons employed	1,291	306	600	(b)	(6)	(b)	7,254
Salaries and wages paid. £'000	1,480	328	742	(b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b)	(b) (b)	(b)	8,667
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	533	45	726	(b)	(b)	(b) (b)	4,413
Value of materials used . £'000	12,968	2,886	14,932	(b)	(b)	(b)	58,120
Value of production £'000	3,350	809	1,384	(b)	(b)	(b) (b) (b) (b)	18,138
Total value of output £'000	16,851	3,740	17,042	(b)	(b)	(b)	80,671
Value of land and buildings £'000	874	371	989	(6)	(b)	(ā)	6,907
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,955	236	1,373	(b)	(b) (b)	(b)	15,262
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	, ,		-,		`	(-)	,
in use h.p.	10,943	1,018	7,874	(b)	(b)	(b)	76,070

Australia.

Items.			1938-39. (c)	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories			42	59	62	56	58	63
Number of persons employed			5,532	6,592	6,782	7,029	7,212	7,254
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	1,613	6,069	6,432	7,434	8,720	8,667
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	٠.	£'000	598	3,063	3,253	3,753	4,282	4,413
Value of materials used		£'000	16,844	53,711	62,859	70,000	68,426	58,120
Value of production		£'000	3,892	12,648	14,148	17,787	19,773	18,138
Total value of output	٠.	£'000	21,334	69,422	80,260	91,540	92,481	80,671
Value of land and buildings	٠.	£'000	1,177	2,743	3,044	6,155	6,566	6,907
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	3,526	5,390	6,019	13,367	14,485	15,262
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in	use h.p.	54,450	65,067	66,280	79,696	76,212	76,070

⁽a) In Western Australia the majority of the plants are worked at the mines and are therefore not included. (b) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (c) See text above table.

9. Electrical Machinery, Cables and Apparatus.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, CABLES AND APPARATUS. 1957–58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	549	370	70	69	75	19	1,152
Number of persons employed	30,040	11,971	1,810	1,568	800	205	46,394
Salaries and wages paid £'000	27,799	10,603	1,471	1,248	609	162	41,892
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	1,461	589	38	36	20	11	2,155
Value of materials used £'000	57,060	21,932	2,622	1,570	705	323	84,212
Value of production £'000	47,809	16,342	2,184	1,864	956	434	69,589
Total value of output £'000	106,330	38,863	4,844	3,470	1,681	768	155,956
Value of land and buildings £'000	17,126	9,004	681	770	553	182	28,316
Value of plant and machinery £'000	12,609	6,359	528	320	140	90	20,046
Horse-power of engines ordinarily			1	1	1 1		-
in use h.p.	61,739	28,827	4,198	2,065	1,434	416	98,679

			AUSTRAL	IA.				
Items.			1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956-57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings		£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	360 10,666 2,031 105 3,195 3,655 6,955 1,627	1,028 38,377 28,969 1,391 58,237 49,032 108,660 13,829	1,064 42,007 33,403 1,651 69,962 54,637 126,250 16,885	1,099 43,841 36,663 1,808 75,129 57,036 133,973 19,992	1,153 44,594 38,780 1,964 76,256 63,198 141,418 25,306	1,152 46,394 41,892 2,155 84,212 69,589 155,956 28,316
Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	y in	£'000 use h.p.	897 12,043	9,709 74,088	11,915 81,058	13,854 83,279	16,409 91,99 <u>1</u>	20,046 98,679

10. Railway and Tramway Workshops (Government and Local Authority).—The railway and tramway workshops, which form an important part of Class IV., are owned chiefly by State Governments and Local Authorities. Workshops (fifteen in 1957-58) controlled by non-public bodies are not included in the figures below.

TRAMCARS AND RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK.(a) 1957-58.

			·				
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	42	22	13	13		 7	124
Number of persons employed	14,904	7,554	6,763	4,233	3,840	785	38.079
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	13,495	6,487	5,507	3,734	3,042	681	32,946
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	435	229	137	133	117	32	1,083
Value of materials used £'000	6,498	5,168	3,037	3,147	1,941	259	20,050
Value of production £'000	16,564	8,603	6,399	4,600	3,644	875	40,685
Total value of output £'000	23,497	14,000	9.573	7,880	5,702	1,166	61,818
Value of land and buildings £'000	6,139	2,064	785	1,543	544	700	11,775
Value of plant and machinery £'000	9,396	1,108	1,190	2,163	1,042	335	15,234
Horse-power of engines ordinarily		1		1	'		,
in use h.p.	45,035	23,416	17,196	14,373	11,513	3,272	114,805

	Australia.										
Items.			1938–39.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.			
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used . Value of production . Total value of output . Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	117 27,310 6,721 226 4,976 8,021 13,223 6,737 5,290 53,671	124 39,262 28,425 994 17,093 34,354 52,441 9,730 12,166 108,478	123 38,599 30,777 1,025 18,818 37,505 57,348 10,524 13,124 112,184	125 38,357 33,159 1,061 20,555 40,404 62,020 11,076 14,072 116,775	125 38,780 33,670 1,090 21,565 41,172 63,827 11,494 14,673 122,852	38,079 32,946 1,083 20,050 40,685 61,818 11,775 15,234 114,805			

(a) Government and Local Authority only.

Two railway workshops in the Northern Territory are engaged in repairing rolling stock, etc., no new goods being manufactured. Particulars of these establishments are not included in any of the tables in this chapter.

11. Motor Vehicles.—The industries catering for the motor trade are included in Class IV., Industrial Metals, Machines and Conveyances. In the table below, a summary is given of the principal statistics for 1957-58 for each branch of industry associated with the motor trade of Australia.

MOTOR VEHICLES: CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC., AUSTRALIA. 1957–58.

Items.			Construc- tion and Assembly.	Repairs.	Motor Bodies. (a)	Motor Acces- sories.	Total.
Number of factories			66	9.038	1,550	255	10,909
Number of persons employed			17,864	56,829	25,953	9,734	110,380
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	18,219	41,047	23,520	9,100	91,886
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	1,272	1,312	1,022	644	4,250
Value of materials used		£'000	40,041	45,706	46,118	11,859	143,724
Value of production		£'000	32,152	64,589	35,260	16,382	148,383
Total value of output		£'000	73,465	111.607	82,400	28,885	296,357
Value of land and buildings		£'000	16,107	53,416	13,684	6,354	89,561
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	16.921	12,523	10,837	6,349	46,630
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in	use h.p.	54,525	63,194	55,880	37,665	211,264

(a) Includes motor body repairing, panel beating, duco spraying, etc.

In the next table, similar details are shown on a State basis for 1957-58 and for Australia for selected years for these industries combined:—

MOTOR VEHICLES: CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC. 1957–58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	4.530	2,751	1.309	1.004	972	343	10,909
Number of persons employed	37,546	37,080	10,223	16,686	6.353	2,492	110,380
Salaries and wages paid £'000	30,745	32,502	7,051	15,013	4,743	1.832	91,886
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	1,367	1,743	222	669	191	58	4,250
Value of materials used £'000	54,092	43,829	8.067	27,945	7.756	2,035	143,724
Value of production £'000	50,238	52,455	14,351	20,665	7,680	2,994	148,383
Total value of output £'000	105,697	98,027	22,640	49,279	15,627	5,087	296,357
Value of land and buildings £'000	35,229	31,851	6,375	8,888	4,929	2,289	89,561
Value of plant and machinery £'000	16,736	17,222	2,039	8,361	1,658	614	46,630
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1	lí	1 '	, , , , , ,	,		.,
in use h.p.	71,058	79,733	12,739	41,155	13,593	2,986	211,264

Australia.

Items.	1945–46.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956-57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000	3,592	8,302	8,993	9,707	10,334	. 10,909
	39,706	89,913	98,343	105,959	107,480	110,380
	10,582	62,454	73,073	84,082	86,282	91,886
	395	2,477	2,798	3,189	3,747	4,250
	12,143	94,173	108,119	126,933	120,297	143,724
	15,818	101,054	112,541	126,459	132,018	148,383
	28,356	197,704	223,458	256,581	256,062	296,357
	9,878	45,835	55,451	66,235	78,817	89,561
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	3,758	23,397	26,073	32,390	40,890	46,630
	56,117	146,930	160,001	202,963	206,792	211,264

The table below shows the production and imports of motor bodies for 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1958-59:—

PRODUCTION AND IMPORTS OF MOTOR BODIES(a): AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.	1958–59. (b)
Motor Bodies(a)— Made No. Assembled from Panels imported	79,436	113,833	126,079	129,700	120,781	160,675	169,992
or made elsewhere No. Imported (d) No.	(c) 532	43,077 26,874	62,383 37,924	94,676 19,041	77,548 7,062	81,630 (e)5,890	78,482 (e)6,104

(a) Excludes sidecars. (b) Preliminary—subject to revision. (c) Not available. (d) Includes bodies on complete vehicles imported. (e) Since 20th March, 1958, includes only those bodies imported as complete vehicles.

12. Agricultural Machines and Implements.—Owing to the extensive agricultural activities conducted in Australia and the demand for modern mechanized farm equipment, the manufacture of agricultural implements constitutes an important branch of Australian industry. The articles manufactured include a wide range of implements for tillage, seeding and planting, and the harvesting of crops. Other farm machinery made includes windmills, chaff-cutters and machinery used in the dairying industry.

The following table shows details of establishments classified as agricultural implement works in each State for 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

AGRICULTURAL MACHINES AND IMPLEMENTS.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000	155 2,012 1,838 92 2,687 2,855 5,634 2,151	100 5,299 5,085 385 7,742 8,672 16,799 2,731	47 1,391 1,104 63 1,220 1,731 3,014 659	37 1,451 1,261 89 1,577 1,959 3,625 737	31 296 246 9 212 382 603 342	:: :: ::	370 10,449 9,534 638 13,438 15,599 29,675 6,620
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	6,872	2,649	5,738	536 5,220	103 1,051	••	4,537 39,652

Australia.

Items.		1938-39.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 in use h.p.	82 1,485 1,836 3,403 997	293 11,930 9,473 637 12,988 13,924 27,549 3,918 3,627 39,843	308 12,182 10,206 695 13,572 14,558 28,825 5,038 4,282 39,858	324 11,938 10,364 670 13,082 14,650 28,402 5,774 4,673 39,878	348 10,387 9,107 581 11,084 14,038 25,703 6,153 4,800 40,254	370 10,449 9,534 638 13,438 15,599 29,675 6,620 4,537 39,652

13. Wireless and Amplifying Apparatus.—Prior to 1930-31, statistics of the manufacture of wireless and amplifying apparatus were grouped with those relating to other electrical apparatus, but the new factory classification adopted in that year provided for separate details to be shown for Wireless Apparatus. The industry is confined mainly to New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia. Technical advances and the requirements of the fighting forces led to considerable expansion in the industry during the 1939-45 War and this development has continued, with one or two exceptions in each subsequent year. The introduction of television services in 1956 gave a further stimulus to the industry. The number of broadcast listeners' licences increased from a third of a million in 1930-31 to nearly 2,264,000 at 30th June, 1959, and this increase reflects the advancement of the industry during that period. At 30th June, 1959, 577,500 television viewers' licences had been issued.

WIRELESS AND AMPLIFYING APPARATUS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938-39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of troaterials used Value of troaterials used Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily Wireless receiving sets made(a) Television receiving sets made	in u	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 se h.p. No.	72 4,828 754 23 1,356 1,123 2,502 558 305 2,710 163,821	162 8,125 5,751 199 9,782 7,454 17,435 2,011 1,132 9,274 438,978	175 8,550 6,398 205 10,076 8,624 18,905 2,300 1,242 8,930 456,034	181 9,171 7,051 231 10,363 8,907 19,501 3,428 1,761 9,624 458,012 2,636	205 12,074 9,145 312 16,801 11,767 28,880 4,752 3,101 11,658 366,282 121,232	211 16,002 13,264 475 36,756 20,725 57,960 6,374 4,250 13,506 380,755 252,430

⁽a) Including radiograms and car radios.

Note.—There were 383,500 wireless receiving sets (including radiograms) and 319,000 television receiving sets made in 1958-59.

- 14. Cotton.—(i) General. Cotton has been grown in Australia since 1860, but never on a very large scale. The average annual quantity of unginned cotton produced was 18 million lb. during the five years ended 1938-39, and slightly over 4½ million lb. in the five years ended 1957-58. The growing of cotton, which is restricted to Queensland, is referred to in some detail in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.
- (ii) Ginning. The ginning and marketing of cotton is controlled by the Queensland Cotton Board. The Board operates ginneries and processes by-products. The production of raw cotton is insufficient for local factory requirements and is supplemented by imports from overseas, chiefly (in 1958-59) from India, Pakistan, Brazil, Mexico, Peru and the United States of America.
- (iii) Spinning and Weaving. The post war expansion in the spinning and weaving section of the cotton industry marks an important stage in its development. New factories have been established and Australia is now producing an extensive range of cotton goods, including duck and canvas from cotton or flax, denims, drill, etc., tyre cord and tyre cord fabric. The number of establishments engaged in cotton spinning and weaving in Australia and other particulars of the industry are shown in the following table for the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58.

Items.		1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	 £,000 £,000 £,000 £,000 £,000	33 3,589 493 50 1,357 979 2,386 704 736 9,128	96 9,470 6,602 690 18,083 10,809 29,582 4,104 4,411 33,201	96 9,582 6,845 706 18,505 11,343 30,554 5,078 4,355 34,356	97 9,598 7,297 703 18,571 12,227 31,501 5,719 4,637 34,657	91 9,754 7,799 890 19,485 14,202 34,577 6,478 5,312 34,568	97 9,879 8,268 958 24,025 15,622 40,605 6,702 35,880

COTTON SPINNING AND WEAVING: AUSTRALIA.

15. Wool Carding, Spinning and Weaving.—The importance of this industry is emphasised by the fact that Australia is the world's chief source of wool and the development of the woollen industry since its establishment at an early period in Australian history is of singular interest. The production consists chiefly of woollen cloth and tweed, worsted cloth, rugs, blankets and yarn, all of which have acquired a reputation for purity and durability.

WOOL CARDING,	SPINNING	AND	WEAVING.
	1957-58.		

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	43 6,133 4,455 402 10,293 7,297 17,992 2,592 3,148 16,436	88 12,055 9,065 811 25,218 13,432 39,461 5,543 6,583 41,081	4 966 545 39 1,653 782 2,474 194 316 3,706	3 625 444 44 1,112 782 1,938 215 276	3 (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	5 (3) (4) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	146 22,386 16,380 1,463 46,012 25,737 73,212 9,364 11,641 70,433

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

WOOL CARDING, SPINNING AND WEAVING-continued.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39. (a)	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £000	19,608 2,888 393 7,331 4,791 12,515 2,380	164 22,619 14,382 1,329 45,033 23,237 69,599 6,894 9,086	151 21,844 13,945 1,288 38,938 21,898 62,124 7,369 10,053	145 21,899 14,409 1,345 39,532 24,082 64,959 7,713 10,673	143 23,217 16,340 1,479 49,303 27,649 78,431 9,019 10,855	146 22,386 16,380 1,463 46,012 25,737 73,212 9,364 11,641
Worden and marking to the horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p. Articles produced— Woollen and worsted cloth(b)(c)'000 sq. yds Blankets and rugs(b) '000	42,944	68,715 35,027 1,340	31,067 1,673	71,752 30,279 1,799	99,385 32,782 1,841	70,433 31,719 2,032

⁽a) Includes Woolscouring Works in Victoria and Tasmania and Woolscouring Works and Fellmongeries in South Australia. (b) Includes production in other industries. (c) Includes mixtures.

16. Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods.—Details for each State for 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years are shown in the following table:—

HOSIERY AND OTHER KNITTED GOODS.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	201	427	5	10	10	. 4	657
Number of persons employed	6,931	15,039	592	107	(a)	(a)	22,939
Salaries and wages paid £'000	4,889 235	10,658 514	357 10	58	(a)	(a)	16,124 770
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000	11,262	24,541	1,755	82	(a)	(a)	38,002
V-1	9,639	17.969	682	87	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	28,615
T-4-11	21,136	43,024	2,447	171	(a)	(a)	67,387
Value of land and buildings £'000	3,236	7.320	7,168	48	(a)	(a)	10,910
Value of plant and machinery £'000	2,442	5,776	235	23	(a)	(a)	8,539
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	6,490	14,205	689	190	(a)	(a)	21,858

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Australia.

Items.			1938-39.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58
Number of factories			313	645	661	664	665	657
Number of persons employed			18,159	23,937	24,614	23,409	23,492	22,939
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	2,332	14,277	15,117	15,117	16,052	16,124
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	133	684	656	687	744	770
Value of materials used		£'000	4,284	30,372	31.317	31,822	34,769	38,002
Value of production		£'000	3,809	26,155	27,535	27,236	29,035	28,615
Total value of output		£'000	8,226	57,211	59,508	59,745	64,548	67,387
Value of land and buildings	- : :	£,000	1,962	7,253	8,643	9,339	9,939	10,910
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	1.931	7,201	7,917	8,159	8,143	8,539
Horse-power of engines ordinaril			8.884	18,478	20,884	20,315	22,911	21,858

The following quantities of yarn were used in these establishments during 1957-58:—Worsted or woollen 8,629,955 lb.; mixtures predominantly woollen or worsted, 1,469,091 lb.; cotton, 10,837,056 lb.; mercerised cotton, 368,103 lb.; rayon, spun, 7,575,573 lb.; rayon filament, 2,916,129 lb.; silk, 17,932 lb.; nylon, spun, 633,711 lb.; nylon filament, 2,936,063 lb.; other yarns, 747,542 lb. Production of garments and stockings is shown in § 10 (see p. 182).

Note.—Preliminary production figures for 1958-59 were: Woollen and Worsted Cloth, 27,245,000 square yards; Blankets and Rugs, 1,815,000.

17. Tanning, Currying and Leather Dressing.—(i) Details of Industry. In Class VII. the most important industry is tanning. Formerly the production of tanneries in Australia was confined to the coarser sorts of leathers, but there are now very few kinds which cannot be produced locally, and an export trade has been built up in some varieties.

TANNING, CURRYING AND LEATHER DRESSING. 1957–58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	60	36	13	9	5	1	124
Number of person employed	1,745	1,995	582	213	(a)	(a) _	4.708
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,720	1,847	498	206	(a)	(a)	4,413
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	186	201	45	25	(a)	(a)	470
Value of materials used £'000	5,080	4,292	1,584	25 568	(a)	(a)	11.938
Value of production £'000	2,296	2,590	813	329	(a)	(a)	6,214
Total value of output £'000	7,562	7,083	2,442	922	(a)	(a)	18,622
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,048	1,018	109	88	(a)	(a)	2,341
Value of plant and machinery £'000	845	829	254	164	(a)	(a)	2,154
Horse-power of engines ordinarily					1 1	.,	,
in use h.p.	12,826	12,882	3,565	1,980	(a)	(a)	32,378

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Australia.

Items.			1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956-57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output	::	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	132 4,375 920 88 2,983 1,522 4,593	142 5,445 4,464 417 10,477 6,672 17,566	140 5,393 4,518 408 10,675 6,743 17,826	137 4,972 4,468 415 11,180 6,082 17,677	133 4,746 4,383 446 11,738 5,736 17,920	124 4,708 4,413 470 11,938 6,214 18,622
Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	ily in	£'000 £'000 use h.p.	814 524 12,345	2,055 1,990 31,182	2,219 2,128 31,708	2,176 2,231 31,590	2,314 2,264 30,799	2,341 2,154 32,378

(ii) Materials Used and Articles Produced. The quantities of materials used and leather produced in tanneries in each State in 1957-58 are shown in the following table:—

TANNERIES: MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, 1957-58.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Materials used-	<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Hides (cattle)→	447 404	40.440					
Yearling No.	147,181				(a)	<i>;</i> ;	207,758
Light Hides(b) ,,	367,004			(a)	48,670	(a)	1,235,830
Heavy Hides (c) . ,	410,378	433,584	208,258	114,364	(a)	(a)	1,228,520
Skins—		l					1
Calf ,,	817,394			(a)	• • •	• •	1,187,441
Goat ,,	347,904	(a)	(a)	[::]	•••		352,633
Sheep including Pelts ,,	1,810,460		(a)	(a)	: .		2,690,894
Marsupial ,,	36,104	22,347	81,487	(a)	(a)	• •	142,411
Bark used—	1		'	ĺ i			
Wattle tons	1,948			(a)		(a)	7,134
Mallet and Other ,,	(a)	803	(a)		263	• •	1,103
Tanning extract (veg.) used .,	2,336	2,476	1,825	(a)	756	(a)	7,956
Articles produced—	-						
Leather made—				1	i		
Sole Ib.		13,082,606			1,879,629	(a)	29,084,888
Harness, Belting, etc. ,,	723,357	358,532	366,354		(a)		2,204,707
Upholstery sq. ft.	(a)	622,711	(a)	(a)	(a)		900,150
Dressed and Upper from				'			
Hides—				!			i
Sold by Measurement—				j]		
Patent sq. ft.	(a)	(a)		١	۱ ۰۰ ۱		1,186,962
All Other ,, ,,	21,015,250	23,092,040	8,769,158	4,671,654	(a)	(a)	59,192,588
Sold by Weight (all		' '		, ,) '		1
kinds) lb.	137,926	(a)	(a)	۱	(a)	(a)	185,313
Dressed from skins—				1			1
Calf sq. ft.	4,510,469	2,190,447	(a)	(a)	J		7,251,549
Goat ""	1,468,445	(a)	(a)	ì ::			1,498,077
Sheep ,,	8,658,785	1,499,801	(a)	(a)	·		11,765,996
Marsupial ""	181,666			(a)	(a)		702,357

(b) Up to

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. 45 lb. (c) Over 45 lb.

18. Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing.—Statistics showing the distribution of this industry among the States in 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years are shown in the following table:—

TAILORING AND READY-MADE CLOTHING.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	933	634	116	98	116	17	1,914
Number of persons employed	17,389	9,779	2,114	1,308	675	192	31,457
Salaries and wages paid £'000	10,717	6,448	1,050	716	306	100	19,337
Value of power, fuel, etc.,	'		, , , , ,		i I		· ·
used £'000	226	143	22	19	10	2	422
Value of materials used £'000	20,112	13,113	1.987	849	541	78	36,680
Value of production £'000	16,655	10,830	1,974	1,000	518	140	31,117
Total value of output £'000	36,993	24,086	3,983	1.868	1,069	220	68,219
Value of land and buildings £'000	5,631	3,706	613	612	372	80	11,014
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,549	1,078	140	94	41	11	2,913
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in			1		l		1
use h.p.	5,214	3,274	564	413	164	42	9,671

AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production	£'000 £'000 £'000	1,177 26,499 3,168 72 4,947 4,812	1,963 33,264 17,215 380 33,598 26,076	1,985 33,384 17,968 390 34,237 28,031	1,952 32,587 18,261 393 35,941 28,940	1,944 31,920 18,760 416 35,883 29,811	1,914 31,457 19,337 422 36,680 31,117
Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	£'000 £'000 £'000 ly in use h.p.	-9,831 3,176 356 2,607	60,054 8,251 2,523 9,339	62,658 8,917 2,663 9,198	65,274 9,484 2,746 9,017	66,110 10,137 2,861 9,133	68,219 11,014 2,913 9,671

19. Dressmaking and Millinery Establishments.—Particulars of dressmaking and millinery establishments in Australia for the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58 are shown in the following table:—

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY: AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily in us	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	869 16,398 1,653 33 2,610 2,592 5,235 2,052 189 1,732	1,433 19,197 9,230 187 13,634 14,392 28,213 5,033 1,108 4,858	1,411 18,014 8,975 176 13,109 14,501 27,786 5,256 1,123 4,740	1,410 17,675 9,063 177 13,029 14,585 27,791 5,788 1,174 4,697	1,311 16,265 8,783 185 12,447 14,244 26,876 5,966 1,152 4,635	1,295 15,668 8,859 184 11,999 14,220 26,403 6,693 1,246 4,558

20. Shirts, Collars and Underclothing.—Particulars of this industry are shown below for each State for 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING.

1957-58.

		170. 00	<u> </u>				
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	156 4,639 2,820 55	170 6,349 3,912 61	19 1,070 506 8	23 407 205 4	(a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a)	384 13,038 7,718 134
Value of materials used £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000	6,966 4,388 11,409 1,449	8,206 6,188 14,455 1,722	709 670 1,387 180	271 286 561 96	(a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a)	16,595 11,945 28,674 3,587
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	519 1,768	579 2,689	69 230	20 155	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	1,233 5,064

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING-continued.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of output Value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinaril	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	283 11,081 1,143 23 2,651 1,761 4,435 946 231 1,874	379 11,156 5,684 92 12,077 9,377 21,546 2,417 905 4,320	392 12,745 6,702 106 15,020 10,927 26,053 2,719 1,053 4,468	404 12,686 6,957 119 16,112 11,328 27,559 2,999 1,146 4,881	397 13,157 7,640 129 16,285 12,051 28,465 3,543 1,229 5,177	384 13,038 7,718 134 16,595 11,945 28,674 3,587 1,233 5,064

21. Boots and Shoes.—(i) Details of Industry. Boot and shoe factories hold an important place in respect of both employment afforded and extent of output. The following tables refer to boot and shoe factories as distinct from those devoted to repairing, except in Tasmania, where it has been necessary to include details of boot and shoe repairing, in order to avoid disclosure of confidential information for that State. Factories engaged in the manufacture of sand shoes, goloshes and gum, etc., boots of rubber are not included here, being classified under Rubber Goods, see para, 38, page 212.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.(a)	Aust.
Number of factories	175	221,	28	18	11	33	486
Number of persons employed	6,777	11,092	1,155	1,162	503	150	20,839
Salaries and wages paid £'000	4,989	8,005	766	902	335	93	15,090
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	88	142	12	15	7	2	266
Value of materials used £'000	7.132	12,641	1,195	1.352	403	131	22.854
Value of production £'000	7,231	11,936	989	1.240	482	141	22.019
Total value of output £'000	14,451	24,719	2,196	2,607	892	274	45,139
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,575	2,276	201	271	146	98	4,567
Value of plant and machinery £'000	824	2,281	313	406	120	35	3,979
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	1	_,	1	1	1		- ,
use h. p.	4,773	9,202	972	1,009	563	144	16,663

Australia.

Items.		1945–46.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of moduction Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	75 7,520 6,472 14,067 1,518 1,222	520 22,953 14,215 225 20,508 19,444 40,177 3,491 3,152 16,679	516 22,323 14,241 227 21,020 19,640 40,887 3,733 3,380 17,488	494 21,557 14,310 233 21,812 20,480 42,525 3,846 3,646 16,485	474 21,432 15,234 257 22,221 21,222 43,700 4,267 3,715 16,496	486 20,839 15,090 266 22,854 22,019 45,139 4,567 3,979 16,663

⁽a) Includes details of boot and shoe repairing.

(ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The number and value of boots, shoes and slippers made in factories producing boots and shoes in each State are shown for 1957-58 in the following table. Particulars relating to the output of sand shoes, goloshes and gum, etc., boots of rubber are not included:—

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORIES: OUTPUT, 1957-58.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Boots, shoes and sandals pairs £ Slippers pairs £	7,472,914 13,329,785 2,779,596 1,777,501	20,435,904 5,725,161	1,944,052	2,554,619 61,602	(a) 286,176		21,395,431 39,149,005 9,152,704 5,178,009

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Preliminary figures for 1958-59 were—Boots, Shoes and Sandals, 24,024,000 pairs; and Slippers, 8,481,000 pairs.

22. Flour-milling.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows the position of the flour-milling industry in each State for the year 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

FLOUR-MILLING.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	47	34	11	21	19	10	142
Number of persons employed	1,409	1,314	542	428	455	136	4,284
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	1,495	1,308	441	414	395	137	4,190
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	311	232	82	83	104	15	827
Value of materials used £'000	17,553	18,509	5,672	5,103	5,659	1,163	53,659
Value of production £'000	4,198	3,032	987	692	797	228	9,934
Total value of output £'000	22,062	21,773	6,741	5,878	6,560	1,406	64,420
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,474	1,882	786	369	731	80	6,322
Value of plant and machinery £'000	2,479	1,482	796	527	599	79	5,962
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	_,,,,,	-,.02	.,,	52.	""	.,	,,,,,,,,
use h.p.	17,808	15,235	4,944	3,729	5,537	1,196	48,449

AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinaril	 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	172 3,783 896 231 10,573 2,091 12,895 2,091 1,814 27,795	157 4,602 3,847 847 53,946 8,134 62,927 4,260 4,921 52,545	151 4,528 3,851 805 54,436 7,311 62,552 4,533 5,060 46,566	151 4,548 4,073 835 54,498 7,575 62,908 5,211 5,405 47,786	143 4,729 4,375 946 59,094 9,608 69,648 5,686 5,690 48,103	142 4,284 4,190 827 53,659 9,934 64,420 6,322 5,962 48,449

(ii) Production of Flour and By-products. The production of flour by the mills in each State (including other than flour mills) for the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1958-59 was as follows:—

FLOUR-MILLING: PRODUCTION OF FLOUR.(a)

(Tons of 2,000 lb.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938–39	547,162 603,575	436,829 473,842	84,314 138,524	146,262 164,907	138,583 197,654	19,582 30,556	1,372,732
1954–55 1955–56	586,549 571,084	455,906 454,628	157,904 169,793	143,840 154,327	178,851 193,490	29,969 27,983	1,553,019 1,571,305
1956–57 1957–58	621,476 416,490	461,663 484,993	170,397 143,613	164,417 138,537	184,717 163,347	29,157 28,739	1,631,827 1,375,719
1958–59 (b)	440,392	436,764	151,711	136,844	164,475	29,141	1,359,327

⁽a) Includes wheatmeal for baking and sharps.

In addition, 523,000 tons (2,000 lb. per ton) of bran and pollard were produced in 1957-58 and 500,000 tons in 1958-59. The total quantity of wheat ground in flour mills was 62,300,000 bushels in 1957-58 and 62,254,000 bushels in 1958-59.

⁽b) Preliminary, subject to revision.

23. Bakeries.—Information regarding establishments in which the manufacture of bread, cakes, etc., was carried on is given in the table below. It should be noted, however, that the details refer only to establishments coming within the definition of a factory as explained at the beginning of this section. For that reason, the tables do not give complete details of the industry, as a large number of bakeries, etc. not coming within the definition are excluded. This is true of all other industries covered by the statistics of manufacturing production, but, in view of the omission of such a large number of establishments in this instance, special mention is deemed necessary.

BAKERIES (INCLUDING CAKES AND PASTRY).

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.(a)	Aust.(a)
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000	1,685 8,005 5,235 1,032 17,229 12,271	1,075 5,472 3,605 668 10,884 7,845	505 2,437 1,315 254 4,785 3,182	272 1,633 1,063 191 3,515 2,358	295 1,040 583 126 2,240 1,489	154 1,736 1,309 169 4,823 2,671	3,986 20,323 13,110 2,440 43,476 29,816
Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily	30,532 8,736 4,598	19,397 5,923 3,470	8,221 1,558 1,012	6,064 1,518 928	3,855 928 677	7,663 1,542 1,112	75,732 20,205 11,797
in use h.p.	10,967	8,001	3,241	3,139	2,011	4,803	32,162

AUSTRALIA.(a)

Items.			1938-39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	195556.	1956–57.	1957-58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	1,958 11,715 1,993 306 6,651 4,509 11,466 4,960 1,478 10,855	3,687 18,758 9,954 1,805 32,829 23,107 57,741 13,617 7,158 26,462	3,800 19,125 10,648 1,902 35,899 23,582 61,383 14,352 8,373 27,815	3,878 19,543 11,611 2,090 37,820 26,418 66,328 15,865 9,461 29,535	3,813 19,964 12,663 2,308 40,704 29,706 72,718 17,991 10,590 30,204	3,986 20,323 13,110 2,440 43,476 29,816 75,732 20,205 11,797 32,162

(a) Includes confectionery in Tasmania.

24. Sugar-mills.—(i) General. Sugar-cane is grown in New South Wales and Queensland and particulars of area, yield, etc., are given in extended detail in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.

The products of the sugar-mill are raw sugar and molasses, the former being sent to the refineries in different parts of Australia for further treatment. Particulars of cane crushed and sugar produced embodied in the following table refer to the quantities treated during the years ended 30th June, irrespective of the season in which the cane was grown; consequently, the figures relating to cane crushed and sugar produced may differ slightly from those given in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production, which relate to harvest years.

(ii) Details for States. The following table shows details of the operations of sugar mills in New South Wales and Queensland for the years 1938-39 and 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

	SI	JGAR-MI	LLS.			
Items.	1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
	Nev	v South	WALES.	<u> </u>	,	·
Number of factories Number of persons employed Cane crushed tons Raw sugar produced (94 net	3 212 337,038	156 263,249	3 187 222,313	3 152 284,539	3 153 294,087	3 170 303,086
titre) tons	45,106	34,004	26,301	36,028	35,918	36,854
		QUEENSLA	м Б.			
Number of factories Number of persons employed. Cane crushed tons Raw sugar produced (94 net titre) tons	33 4,419 5,432,193 775,064	7,358 8,751,063 1,220,383	31 7,272 9,864,304 1,301,245	31 7,044 8,616,163 1,135,685	31 7,099 8,978,081 1,171,879	31 6,547 8,945,617 1,256,271
Molasses— Sold to distilleries'000 gals Used as fodder, " Used as manure, " Run to waste, " Burnt as fuel, " Sold or used for other purposes'000 gals Total molasses disposed of'000 gals	8,276 4,237 3,293 499 3,749 232 20,286	23,323 5,486 11,466 168 183 516 41,142	23,167 5,753 10,501 233 1,079 473 41,206	22,772 5,285 10,637 185 1,519 588 40,986	24,094 5,536 9,177 51 1,405 523 40,786	20,558 4,861 10,880 285 284 508 37,376

^{25.} Sugar-refining.—The establishment of the sugar-refining industry considerably antedates the establishment of the sugar-milling industry, the raw material operated on in the earlier years coming chiefly from Mauritius and the East. In 1957–58, there were two sugar refineries in Queensland and one each in New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia and Western Australia. The total quantity of raw sugar treated amounted to 521,920 tons for a yield of 493,093 tons of refined sugar.

26. Confectionery.—Particulars for 1957-58 for each State and for Australia for a series of years are shown hereunder:—

CONFECTIONERY.

		1737-30					
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.(b)
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of power of engines ordinarily	94 2,905 2,250 258 7,798 5,242 13,298 2,135 1,805	83 3,042 2,254 223 6,856 3,753 10,832 1,795 1,802	18 196 95 10 364 156 530 90 73	15 349 198 22 531 292 845 236 131	7 297 185 16 503 328 847 95 80	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	217 6,789 4,982 529 16,052 9,771 26,352 4,351 3,891
in use h.p.	13,496	13,664	318	1,358	420	(a)	29,256
	Α	USTRALL	.(b)	<u>'</u> '	,		
Items.		1938–39.	1953–54.	1954-55	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of land and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	148 7,256 1,041 107 3,102 2,418 5,627 1,423 1,364 16,154	249 6,976 4,382 444 13,857 8,307 22,608 2,650 3,039 28,763	238 7,069 4,516 447 14,917 8,320 23,684 2,964 3,368 27,374	226 7,183 4,805 473 15,583 8,932 24,988 3,324 3,612 29,156	213 6,818 4,866 509 15,391 9,885 25,785 3,239 3,582 27,348	217 6,789 4,982 529 16,052 9,771 26,352 4,351 3,891 29,256

⁽a) Not available for publication. Included with bakeries.

⁽b) Excludes Tasmania.

27. Jam, Fruit and Vegetable Canning, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegar.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows particulars of factories included in this class for each State for 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

JAM, FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNING, PICKLES, SAUCES, VINEGAR. 1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	58	63	18	18	9	21	187
Number of persons employed	2,684	4,903	1,295	1,172	124	1.229	11,407
Salaries and wages paid £'000	2,214	4,462	1,054	911	83	1,028	9,752
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	260	472	73	77	7	89 [978
Value of materials used . £'000	8,342	22.054	4,967	2,729	295	2,772	41,159
Value of production £'000	4,459	10,407	1,713	1,430	189	1.555	19,753
Total value of output £'000	13,061	32,933	6,753	4,236	491	4.416	61,890
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,302	6.086	745	482	148	858	10,621
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1,626	5,617	426	656	64	886	9,275
in use h.p.	9,852	37,012	2,821	2,028	349	3,762	55,824

	 	AUSTRAL	IA.				
Items.		1938-39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of pland and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	123 6,476 1,149 97 4,800 2,334 7,231 1,382 721 7,873	197 11,101 7,870 660 28,875 14,992 44,527 6,137 5,404 31,721	184 11,061 7,945 699 29,708 15,312 45,719 6,193 5,496 32,661	183 11,578 8,924 802 32,323 16,103 49,228 8,874 8,083 38,508	182 12,019 9,698 957 39,874 18,792 59,623 9,790 8,752 45,820	187 11,407 9,752 978 41,159 19,753 61,890 10,621 9,275 55,824

⁽ii) Production. During the 1939-45 War, production of jams increased greatly and an output of 171 million lb. was attained in 1943-44. Production afterwards decreased, but attained a new record of 198.5 million lb. in 1947-48. It dropped to 107.8 million lb. in 1957-58. Preliminary figures for 1958-59 show production as being 75.0 million lb.

Production of preserved fruit in 1957-58 was 349.4 million lb., the highest on record, the previous highest level being 338.6 million lb. in 1953-54. Preliminary figures for 1958-59 show production as being 317.1 million lb.

There has also been a marked development in the production of canned vegetables. In 1938-39, output totalled 10.3 million lb. but, as a result of the war-time demand by the armed services, production reached the record level of 119.1 million lb. in 1944-45. However, it has since declined and in 1957-58 amounted to 87.0 million lb. Preliminary figures for 1958-59 show production as being 66.6 million lb.

The following table shows the total quantity of jams, pickles, sauces and other items manufactured in each State in 1957-58:—

JAMS, PRESERVED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES, PICKLES AND SAUCES: 1957-58.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Jams '0001	b. 22.484	54,524	10,775	(a)	(a)	(a)	107,773
Fruit, preserved	42,874	190,776	56,976	37,405	(a)	(a)	349,411
	vt. 31.891	160,179	6.076	(a)	6,347	(a)	293,969
Fruit Juices, natural'000 ga	ls. 384	150	2,390	344	(a)	(a)	3.670
Vegetables, preserved '000 l		35,985	273	1,634	851	16,744	87,044
Pickled Vegetables	4,791	951	65	1,224	324	ί.	7,355
	t. 47.510	406,940	(a)	(a)	10,560	(a)	501,443
Tomato Paste, Puree, etc., '000 pin		1,703		(a)	(a)		2,096
Tomato Juice '000 ga		519	(a)	661	(a)		1,408
Pickles '000 pin		1.949	(a)	(a)	(a)		5,503
Chutney	, 525	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)		1.332
Sauces	, 11,638	12,695	1,507	2,303	(a)	(a)	29,328
Soun (canned)	3,965	22,970	.,	(a)	(a)	(a)	27,346
Soup, Dry Mix '000 I		(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	•••	3,606

⁽a) Not available for publication. Figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Including quantities made and used in the works producing them.

28. Bacon-curing.—(i) Details of Industry. The table hereunder shows particulars of factories, engaged in bacon-curing in each State for 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

BACON-CURING.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	29	16	9	14	4	8	80
Number of person employed	712	841	1.335	480	268	109	3,745
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	652	756	1,102	473	231	97	3,311
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	84	99	105	66	39 1	10	403
Value of materials used . £'000	4.844	4,593	7,025	2,388	2,567	730	22,147
Value of production £'000	1.430	1,904	2,257	627	398	182	6,798
Total value of output £'000	6.358	6,596	9,387	3,081	3,004	922	29,348
Value of land and buildings £'000	577	640	793	389	124	144	2,667
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily	315	366	570	295	69	39	1,654
in use h.p.	2,271	3,281	5,321	2,184	1,133	557	14,747

Australia.

Items.			1938-39.	1953-54.	195455.	1955–56.	1956-57.	1957-58.
Number of factories			76	85	84	82	81	80
Number of persons employed	• •		2,047	2,975	3,201	3,414	3,472	3,745
Salaries and wages paid	• •	£,000	480	2,270	2,517	2,754	2,956	3,311
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	77	298	322	339	362	403
Value of materials used		£,000	3,768	19,448	18.318	20,814	22,373	22,147
Value of production		£'000	865	4.410	5,715	4.997	5,273	6,798
Total value of output		£'000	4,710	24,156	24,355	26,150	28,008	29,348
Value of land and buildings		£'000	750	1,737	1.956	2,308	2,452	2,667
Value of plant and machinery	• •	£'000	357	955	1,100	1,329	1,512	1,654
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	v in		9.389	11,685	11,791	13,019	13,472	14,747

(ii) Quantity of Production. The number of pigs cured and the quantity of bacon and ham and lard produced in factories in each State for 1957-58 are shown in the following table:—

BACON-CURING FACTORIES: PIGS CURED AND PRODUCTION, 1957-58.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Pigs killed for bacon and ham— For curing on own account For curing on commission Pork and green bacon used for—	165,640 12,828	168,793 3,711	232,548 2,384	82,223 1,121	} 122,243	31,709 {	802,621 20,579
Curing on own account '000 lb. Curing on commission	5,259	2,927	(a)	1,037	(a)	••	10,371
'000 lb. Sugar used ton Finished bacon and ham	4,975 46	197 37	(a) 173	(a) 20	(a) 30	(a) 14	5,199 320
made (b) On own account '000 lb. On commission ,, Green bacon and ham ,, Lard produced ,,	17,422 5,656 971 3,972	14,403 556 2,048 6,313	18,372 220 1,092 25,774	6,538 113 462 4,776	6,581 (a) 752 10.064	1,758 (a) 374 896	65,074 6,597 5,699 51,795

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Includes moked bacon and ham, cooked ham (not smoked) made for retail sale, and canned bacon and ham.

Bacon and ham and other pig products are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXIV.—Farmyard, Dairy and Bee Products.

29. Butter, Cheese and Condensed and Dried Milk.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows particulars of butter, cheese and condensed and dried milk factories in each State for 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED AND DRIED MILK. 1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	74	131	81	41	18	21	366
Number of persons employed	2,447	5,417	1,574	756	302	374	10,870
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	2,199	5,345	1,257	594	254	346	9,995
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	643	1,532	266	113	65	73	2,692
Value of materials used . £'000	14,886	50,558	16,844	4.664	3,058	4,556	94,566
Value of production £'000	3,210	11,617	2,458	906	467	903	19,561
Total value of output £'000	18,739	63,707	19,568	5,683	3,590	5,532	116,819
Value of land and buildings £'000	3,265	6,233	1,750	692	247	371	12,558
Value of plant and machinery £'000	3,666	7,525	2,590	732	368	373	15,254
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1	1	1	1	ŀ	1	
in use h.p.	30,874	41,445	25,027	7,458	2,345	2,498	109,647
Items.	<i>F</i>	USTRALI		1054 55	1955-56.	1056.57	1057_59
Items.		1550~55.	1933-34.	1954-55.	1555-50.	1750-57.	1751-30.
Number of factories		523	380	379	375	371	366
Number of persons employed		6,851	10,580	10,567	11,119	11,189	10,870
Salaries and wages paid	£'000	1,570	8,416	8,680	9,568	10,068	9,995
Value of power, fuel, etc. used	£'000	390	2,396	2,423	2,741	2,797	2,692
Value of materials used	£,000	29,162	94,020	100,706	106,883	101,517	94,566
Value of production	£,000	3,543	15,914	15,394	18,893	19,265	19,561
Total value of output	£,000	33,095	112,330	118,523	128,517	123,579	116,819
Value of land and buildings	£,000	2,880	9,365	10,037	11,188	11,985	12,558
Value of plant and machinery	£'000	3,067	12,083	12,553	13,923	14,631	15,254
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	ise h.p.	45,059	94,863	98,442	102,182	108,157	109.647

⁽ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The next table shows the quantities and values of butter, cheese and condensed milk produced and the quantities of milk used in their production during 1957-58. These details are restricted to factory production and therefore exclude farm output.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED MILK, ETC., FACTORIES: PRODUCTION. 1957-58.

			<u> </u>				
Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Total.
	Mat	TERIALS	Used.				
Whole Milk used in manufacture of Butter '000 gal, Cheese 'Condensed, Dried and other Milk Products '000 gal, ton	139,155 8,943 14,896 996	401,722 31,453 62,370 15,172	145,097 11,847 5,267 (a)	29,886 23,012 4	30,786 2,180 2,722 (a)	55,345 724 2,914 (a)	801,991 78,159 88,173 18,005
	P	RODUCTIONS.)	ON.		·		
Butter	29,939 4,042	86,236 14,840	32,280 5,175	7,032 10,495	6,807 1,017	10,624 326	172,918 35,895
Unsweetened)	(a)	43,408		••	(a)	••	47,140
Whole Milk Skim Milk Powdered Full Cream Milk	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	::	(a) (a)	(a) ••	12,439 6,285
Spray	} (a)	11,095	(a)	(a)		{	16,876 1,197
cluding Malted Milk and Milk Sugar (Lactose))	(a)	(a)				(a)	13,977
Spray Roller Buttermilk and Whey Powder	} 5,613 820	17,519 3,448	(a) 821	(a) (a)	(a)	{ (a)	20,175 4,405 5,668
Casein	641	10,009	(a)		(a) (a)		10,663
Powder Liquid Processed Cheese, Cheese Paste and	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) 	(a) 	••	581 5,022
Cheese Spreads (b)	(a)	(a)	(a)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		.14,407

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) The cheese used in the manufacture of these products is included in Cheese (Green Weight) made as shown above.

The butter, cheese and condensed milk industries are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXIV.—Farmyard, Dairy and Bee Products.

30. Meat and Fish Preserving.—The industries included in this group are engaged chiefly in the freezing and preserving of meat. Works have been established at the seaports for the purpose of handling beef, lamb and mutton for export, and insulated space for the carriage of chilled and frozen produce is provided by shipping companies trading between Australia and other parts of the world. The substitution of chilled for frozen meat exported is referred to in Chapter XXIII.—Pastoral Production. In recent years, there has been considerable expansion in the canning of meat and fish.

MEAT AND FISH PRESERVING. 1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	11	15	29	20	35	4	114
Number of persons employed	540	919	5,879	325	1,174	41	8,878
Salaries and wages paid £'000	464	919	5,908	240	1,115	44	8,690
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	88	140	726	32	135	7	1,128
Value of materials used £'000	2,376	5,109	33,773	1,525	2,848	64	45,695
Value of production £'000	1,054	2,088	8,487	411	1,624	59	13,723
Total value of output £'000	3,518	7,337	42,986	1,968	4,607	130	60,546
Value of land and buildings £'000	274	894	3,356	221	1,888	77	6,710
Value of plant and machinery £'000	218	971	2,347	154	879	25	4,594
Horse-power of engines ordinarily					1		.,
in use h.p.	1,480	4,045	22,469	905	7.710	347	36,956

Australia.												
Items.			1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957-58				
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc. used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	 Iy in	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	32 4,093 1,180 134 6,351 1,601 8,086 1,966 1,325 13,385	106 9,113 7,395 1,015 46,671 11,374 59,060 4,500 2,826 31,810	114 9,432 8,327 1,110 46,642 12,182 59,934 5,403 3,409 35,600	116 9,550 8,704 1,119 46,359 14,345 61,823 5,934 4,118 33,086	113 8,866 8,366 1,099 45,483 14,385 60,967 6,241 4,147 36,517	114 8,878 8,690 1,128 45,695 13,723 60,546 6,710 4,594 36,956				

Particulars of the quantities and values of beef, mutton and lamb preserved by cold process exported from Australia over a series of years will be found in Chapter XXIII.—Pastoral Production.

31. Breweries.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table gives particulars of breweries in each State for the year 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years. It should be noted, however, that the data shown are not strictly comparable throughout, owing to the inability or failure of some breweries to furnish a separate return for each branch of activity. Consequently the figures for some States include details of employment, wages, output, etc., not directly concerned with the brewing of beer, although associated with it. These extraneous activities include cooperage, malt worl; acrated waters, etc.

BREWERIES.

		1937-30.					
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000. Value of power, fuel, etc. used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output(b) . £'000	1,911 2,070 548 1 91 6, 1	6 1,872 2,020 360 7,292 4,114 11,766	6 878 783 228 2,226 2,581 5,035	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	26 5,909 6,228 1,479 22,146 17,271 40,896
Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000	3,745 5,070	2,978 4,360	2,956 2,358	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	11,79 7 15,51 0
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	15,461	11,765	8,455	(a)	(a)	(a)	44,869

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Exclud Excise Duty.

BREWERIES—continued.

Australia.

Items.			1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957-58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of output(a) Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	v in us	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	34 3,698 1,215 251 3,407 5,372 9,030 2,801 2,737 23,231	31 6,193 5,325 1,366 19,975 13,048 34,389 7,256 7,681 38,803	30 6,791 6,272 1,369 20,810 14,855 37,034 8,307 10,295 42,359	28 6,835 6,588 1,396 22,437 15,224 39,057 10,099 12,917 44,908	27 6,107 6,196 1,509 21,238 16,266 39,013 11,069 14,863 45,268	26 5,909 6,228 1,479 22,146 17,271 40,896 11,797 15,510 44,869

(a) Excludes Excise Duty.

(ii) Production, Consumption, Materials Used. The quantity of ale, beer and stout brewed fell from 73.7 million gallons in 1928-29 to 49.8 million gallons in 1931-32, but thereafter increased each year to 109.2 million gallons in 1941-42. Under the Control of Liquor Order which operated between March, 1942, and March, 1946, the production of beer was restricted and consequently annual output remained static at about 100 million gallons from 1942-43 to 1944-45. Thereafter, production increased, and in 1958-59 amounted to over 228 million gallons.

The average annual consumption of ale, beer and stout prior to the economic depression of the early thirties exceeded 11 gallons per head of the population: it dropped to 7.3 gallons in 1931-32, increased to 13.8 gallons in 1941-42 and declined again to about 13 gallons during the period of control. The consumption per head had increased to 22.1 gallons by 1958-59.

The table below shows the quantities of materials used and the quantity and value of ale, beer (excluding waste beer) and stout brewed in each State during 1957-58:—

BREWERIES: MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, 1957-58.

	Part	iculars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			_	MATERI	als Used	·			
Malt Hops Sugar	::	'000 bus. '000 lb.	2,562 1,962 20,454	2,038 (a) (a)	787 527 4,776	(a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	6,640 4,409 43,738
		ALE, BEEL	R AND STO	OUT BREV	VED (EXCI	LUDING V	VASTE BEER	ı).	
Quanti Value		'000 gals. £'000	94,199 15,602	66,752 11,616	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	226,449 40,308

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Excludes Excise Duty.

32. Wineries and Distilleries.—The following table shows particulars of the operations of Wineries and Distilleries for each State during 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	31	28		74	22		160
Number of persons employed	224	361	165	1,245	71		2,066
Salaries and wages paid £'000	222	315	150	1,073	40		1,800
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	115	105	62	141	3		426
Value of materials used £'000	1,461	1,048	393	4,391	155		7,448
Value of production £'000	638	1.488	314	2,028	101		4,569
Total value of output £'000	2,214	2,641	769	6,560	259		12,443
Value of land and buildings £'000	423	360	115	1,490	70		2,458
Value of plant and machinery £'000	505	292	366	1,112	64		2,339
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in				,	[1
use h.p.	1,328	2,207	777	6,873	363	••	11,548

WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES-continued.

Australia.

Items.			1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957-58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings	::	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	135 1,133 246 58 1,421 811 2,290 1,002	164 1,981 1,475 365 5,721 3,254 9,340 2,284	158 2,022 1,506 387 4,885 2,846 8,118 2,312	155 1,908 1,532 368 5,074 2,890 8,332 2,254 2,099	157 2,027 1,699 423 6,461 3,704 10,588 2,363	160 2,066 1,800 426 7,448 4,569 12,443 2,458
Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in u	£'000 se h.p.	916 4,396	2,108 11,275	2,170 11,054	11,159	2,348 11,412	2,339 11,548

33. Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes.—Particulars of establishments in which the manufacture of tobacco, cigars or cigarettes was carried on during 1957-58 are shown below for each State and for Australia for a series of years. There are no such factories in South Australia or Tasmania.

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

1957-58.

Items.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	W. Aust.	Aust.
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used	£'000 £'000 £'000	2,723 2,461 72 20,890 6,482	10 1,949 1,696 70 14,426 4,650	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	27 4,754 4,203 145 35,408 11,177
37-1C1 1 4 1 141	£'000 £'000 in use h.p.	27,444 736 1,899 6,821	19,146 1,999 2,088 3,343	(a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a)	46,730 2,962 4,156 10,586

Australia.

Items.			1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories			30	36	34	33	29	27
Number of persons employed	::		5,544	4.757	4,707	4,622	4,630	4,754
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	1.096	3,417	3,516	3,728	4,038	4,203
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	34	151	158	128	127	145
Value of materials used		£'000	7.081	26.835	28.825	31,227	33,535	35,408
Value of production		£,000	2,685	8,341	9,745	9.244	10,999	11,177
Total value of output(b)		£'000	9,800	35,327	38,728	40,599	44,661	46,730
Value of land and buildings		£'000	1.042	1,822	1,504	1.867	1,764	2,962
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	943	1,917	2,190	2,784	3,059	4,156
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	'n	use h.p.	4,610	6,919	8,466	10,778	10,990	10,586
Leaf used—								
Australian (stemmed)		'000 Ib.	4,489	4,866	4,482	5,204	5,299	7,155
Imported (stemmed)	::	'000 lb.	16.011	33,076	36,053	37,399	40,860	38,372
Tobacco made	::	'000 lb.	16,305	23,400	21,466	18,836	18,917	18,192
Cigars made	••	'000 lb.	238	143	151	132	114	119
Cigarettes made	::	'000 lb.	6,731	18,303	22,859	27,162	30,513	32,748

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. Excise Duty.

For many years the production of locally-grown leaf was comparatively small, and manufacturers were dependent on imported leaf for the supply of their raw materials. Increased import duties stimulated local production, and the quantity of Australian leaf used by manufacturers rose from 1.2 million lb. in 1929-30 to over 3 million lb. in 1930-31. During the 1939-45 War, about 4.7 million lb. of Australian-grown leaf was used annually. and the 1957-58 usage was 7.2 million lb. For further information see Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.

⁽b) Excludes

Imports of tobacco during 1957-58 comprised: manufactured tobacco, 402,388 lb., cigars, 86,165 lb., cigarettes, 370,842 lb., unmanufactured tobacco, 43,029,219 lb.; and in 1958-59 were 367,441 lb., 91,394 lb., 391,203 lb. and 38,671,462 lb. respectively.

34. Sawmills, etc.—The most important industry in Class X. is sawmilling. Because of difficulties associated with the classifying of sawmills into forest and town mills, they have been combined in the following table, together with plywood and veneer mills.

SAWMILLS AND PLYWOOD AND VENEER MILLS.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of pland and buildings Value of pland and buildings Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	1,043 10,709 8,647 695 24,381 15,937 41,013 5,012 4,931	592 7,078 6,112 469 15,586 11,693 27,748 3,117 3,278 80,750	619 8,456 6,138 393 12,789 10,229 23,411 1,889 3,481 85,301	90 2,306 1,948 105 6,668 3,425 10,198 2,275 2,514 23,803	247 4,204 3,193 286 5,787 5,708 11,781 808 1,909 39,452	319 2,432 1,894 195 4,433 3,254 7,882 823 1,858 33,697	2,910 35,185 27,932 2,143 69,644 50,246 122,033 13,924 17,971 380,203

AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938–39.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956-57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· y in use	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	1,639 19,056 3,626 225 8,441 5,762 14,428 2,029 2,777 89,843	3,117 35,448 23,536 1,639 53,908 39,799 95,346 8,775 12,504 336,951	3,033 36,631 25,530 1,805 61,073 45,319 108,197 10,321 14,896 359,786	3,025 37,102 27,086 1,938 65,618 47,042 114,598 11,136 16,201 371,003	3,000 35,835 27,563 2,056 66,817 47,928 116,801 12,079 17,086 378,902	2,910 35,185 27,932 2,143 69,644 50,246 122,033 13,924 17,971 380,203

The sawmill output of native timber, which declined from 740 million super. feet in 1925-26 to the abnormally low figure of 237 million super. feet during the depth of the depression, recovered to 717 million super. feet in 1938-39 and by 1958-59 had risen to 1,480 million super. feet. Further reference is made to the sawmilling industry in Chapter XXV.—Forestry.

35. Cabinet and Furniture Making and Upholstery.—These industries constitute the principal manufactures in Class XI. The following table shows particulars for each State in 1957-58:—

CABINET AND FURNITURE MAKING AND UPHOLSTERY, 1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £000 Value of plant and machinery	536 6,033 5,183 127 9,067 8,287 17,481 3,393 864	542 4,743 3,807 94 5,868 6,424 12,386 3,201 811	236 2,252 1,459 37 2,591 2,273 4,901 1,090 348	120 1,506 1,110 30 1,765 1,685 3,480 613 267	150 1,009 654 18 1,209 1,070 2,297 572 168	60 386 249 5 360 424 789 200 57	1,644 15,929 12,462 311 20,860 20,163 41,334 9,069 2,515
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	14,792	14,431	7,472	5,112	3,363	1,277	46,447

36. Printing Works.—Printing and bookbinding rank high in importance among the industries of Australia and in 1957-58 afforded employment for 40,303 employees, and paid £36,096,000 in salaries and wages while the value of output amounted to £119,993,000. The first table below gives particulars of establishments engaged in general printing in each State for 1957-58. These establishments include those engaged in lithographic printing, bookbinding, paper ruling and linotyping and Government printing works. Establishments producing newspapers and periodicals are shown separately in the second table:—

GOVERNMENT AND GENERAL PRINTING WORKS, 1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use . h.p.	577 10,412 9,258 303 13,426 15,983 29,712 6,088 6,075 15,953	552 9,531 8,409 249 11,461 14,590 26,300 6,305 6,542 14,258	113 2,360 1,660 45 1,849 2,770 4,664 926 1,010 2,527	85 1,651 1,297 32 1,456 2,133 3,621 738 1,009 2,230	79 1,394 1,009 32 1,190 1,870 3,092 715 775 2,121	25 568 466 14 427 722 1,163 312 294	1,431 25,916 22,099 675 29,809 38,068 68,552 15,084 15,705

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS, 1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	179 6,946 6,807 285 11,346 12,321 23,952 7,440 6,109	106 2,924 2,951 115 7,268 5,224 12,607 1,517 1,790 9,862	58 2,253 1,963 1,963 79 2,977 3,720 6,776 1,377 1,428 5,968	37 1,127 1,090 35 2,033 2,097 4,165 1,013 616 3,438	22 731 758 40 1,314 1,624 2,978 539 640 2,554	5 406 428 8 361 594 963 226 250	407 14,387 13,997 562 25,299 25,580 51,441 12,112 10,833 37,440

37. Paper Making.—Although the paper manufacturing industry has been established in Australia for many years, it was not until the manufacture of paper pulp from indigenous timber commenced in 1938-39 that any marked development occurred.

Plants producing pulp from eucalypt timber are operating in Victoria and Tasmania, whilst in South Australia pulp is being produced from locally-grown softwoods. The production of pulp rose from 6,000 tons in 1938-39 to 88,000 tons in 1946-47. It remained at about this level until 1949-50 but has since increased steadily to a total of nearly 208,000 tons in 1957-58.

The number of factories operating in 1957-58 comprised four in New South Wales, seven in Victoria, two in Queensland, one each in South Australia and Western Australia, and three in Tasmania. In Tasmania, newsprint, writing and printing papers are produced, and in the other States wrappings, other papers and boards. Particulars for this industry are shown in the following table.

PAPER MAKING, INCLUDING PULP MILLS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1938–39.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56. (a)	1956–57. (a)	1957-58. (a)
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	£'000£'000£'000£'000£'000£'000£'000£'000	7 1,961 467 201 1,096 1,005 2,302 850 1,713 31,548	18 7,179 6,130 2,048 15,198 15,451 32,697 8,106 16,810 141,373	20 7,611 7,095 2,560 17,474 18,294 38,328 8,255 18,050 157,948	17 7,480 7,813 2,735 18,963 17,330 39,028 9,312 18,640 164,123	17 7,903 8,783 2,996 22,419 19,383 44,798 9,527 18,141 170,382	18 8,088 9,752 3,131 22,903 23,910 49,944 12,203 21,835 174,557

⁽a) Excludes several establishments previously included, engaged in processing but not manufacturing paper.

38. Rubber Goods.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1957-58 but excludes establishments engaged primarily in the retreading and repairing of tyres:—

RUBBER GOODS, 1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	42	54	12	8	2		118
Number of persons employed	6,833	6,254	1,096	(a)	(a)	• •	15,017
Salaries and wages paid £'000	6,891	6,280	894	(a) (a)	(a)		14,931
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	929	991	116	(a)	(a)		2,131
Value of materials used £'000	16,163	15,910	2,799	(a)	(a)		36,044
Value of production £'000	9,359	12,001	2,014	(a)	(a)	• •	24,782
Total value of output £'000	26,451	28,902	4,929	(a)	(a)	• •	62,957
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,498	3,734	463	(a)	(a)	• •	7,120
Value of plant and machinery £'000	3,181	4,028	385	(a)	(a)		7,839
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1	1	ĺ		1		1
in use h.p.	53,832	55,214	8,215	(a)	(a)		120,602

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

39. Electric Light and Power Works.—(i) Details of Industry. The increased demand for electrical energy has been responsible for considerable development in electric light and power works during recent years. For further information on this subject see Chapter VII.—Electric Power Generation and Distribution. Particulars of the industry for each State during the year 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years are shown below:—

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	72	51	60	38	87		319
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000	5,558 5,739	3,247 3,599	1,605 1,537	(a) (a)	1,070	(a)	12,833
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	15,729	11,153	5,817	(a)	3,432	(a) (a)	13,467 40,261
Value of materials used £'000	2,300	677	978	(a)	288	(a)	4,740
Value of production £'000	26,283	13,706	5,261	(a)	3,318	(a) (a)	55.514
Total value of output £'000	44,312	25,536	12,056	(a)	7,038	(a)	100,515
Value of land and buildings £'000	36,275	17,444	9,078	(a)	2,813	(a)	107,162
Value of plant and machinery £'000	74,893	63,659	32,964	(a)	16,646	(a)	222,542
Generators installed—Kilowatt cap-							1
acity '000 kW	1,928	1,160	597	(a)	299	(a)	4,881

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS-continued.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938–39.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used	::	£'000 £'000 £'000	395 6,508 1,977 3,239 530	351 11,395 10,308 35,083 4,800	351 11,927 11,457 36,548 4,170	332 12,111 12,497 37,479 4,090	328 12,473 13,571 39,830 4,396	319 12,833 13,467 40,261 4,740
Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery		£,000 £,000 £,000	8,714 12,483 8,388 27,751	30,098 69,981 47,369 122,773	37,568 78,286 60,120 146,273	43,219 84,788 73,688 158,377	50,722 94,948 102,318 198,269	55,514 100,515 107,162 222,542

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Particulars of the types of engines and generators installed in Electric Light and Power Works and their rated horse-power are given on page 159.

(ii) Production. The generation of electricity in each of the States in 1938-39 and a series of years is shown in the following table:—

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS: ELECTRICITY GENERATED.

(Million kWh.)

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39 1953-54		1,948 5,450	1,223 3,693	387 1,511	256 955	307 627	567 1.471	4,688
1954-55		5,951 6,505	4,152 4,633	1,658 1,786	1,119 1,204	703 753	1,471 1,589 1,794	13,707 15,172 16,675
1955-56 1956-57 1957-58		7,008 7,595	5,037 5,320	1,937 2,133	1,315	782 829	2,210 2,338	18,289 19,796
1958-59(a)	:: 1	8,286	5,640	2,306	1,580	867	2,456	21,135

(a) Preliminary-subject to revision.

40. Gas-works.—(i) Details of Industry. Gas works are in operation in the majority of important towns in Australia. The following table shows particulars of gas-works in each State for the year 1957-58 and for Australia for a series of years:—

GAS-WORKS.

1957-58.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	37		16	3	3	2	88 3,783
Number of persons employed	1,393	1,372	359	(a)	184	(a)	3,783
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,620	1,738	303	(a)	167	(a)	4,309
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	2,051	417	43	(a)	104	(a)	2,720
Value of materials used £'000	5,935	5,703	1,079	(a)	618	(a)	15,030
Value of production £'000	5,957	2,608	916	(a)	340	(a)	10,577
Total value of output £'000	13,943	8,728	2,038	(a)	1.062	(a)	28,327
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,559	3,349	351	(a)	179	(a)	5,710
Value of plant and machinery £'000	6,920	12,554	2,116	(a)	1.585	(a)	26,823
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in							,
use h.p.	18,393	15,840	2,482	(a)	1,204	(a)	44,913

AUSTRALIA. 1938-39, 1953-54, 1954-55, 1955-56, 1956-57, 1957-58, Items. 98 97 95 94 Number of factories 107 88 Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, light, etc., used Value of materials used 2,931 785 251 4,141 3,767 2,244 4,103 4,087 4,138 3,783 4,138 4,448 2,591 15,598 9,894 28,083 4,148 2,297 15,350 9,272 3,882 2,291 4,309 2,720 £'000 £'000 15,187 9,103 26,581 2,488 £'000 £'000 15,249 8,121 25,614 1,872 15,030 2,694 4,817 1,463 7,498 10,577 28,327 Value of production 26,919 2,748 Total value of output 2,416 17,235 30,055 Value of land and buildings 5,189 27,667 £'000 5,710 . . Value of plant and machinery £'000 19,828 33,389 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p. .905 42,082 44.373 44,913

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

(ii) Coal Used and Production. The following table shows details for 1957-58:-

GAS-WORKS: COAL USED AND PRODUCTION, 1957-58.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal used '000 tons Gas produced million cu. ft. Gas sold Coke produced (b) '000 tons	834	504	200	(a)	54	(a)	1,779
	22,506	16,684	3,153	(a)	1,420	(a)	47,655
	18,732	14,295	2,701	(a)	1,223	(a)	40,394
	429	199	76	(a)	21	(a)	832

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) In addition 2,264,032 tons of metallurgical coke were made in Coke Works in 1957-58.

Since 1938-39, when the output of gas was 21 thousand million cubic feet, production has increased each year and reached 48,655 million cubic feet with an equivalent of 245,216 thousand therms (1 Therm=100,000 B.T.U.), in 1958-59.